PRODUCT CATALOGUE

2016

ENERGY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS
POWER FACTOR CORRECTION
POWER QUALITY ANALYSERS



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Introduction

Power Quality and Energy Management

We cover all its needs from a simple low-cost panel meter for building management to the high-end power quality analysers for demanding smart grid applications. We also develop special meters for DC grids and hybrid AC/DC applications - in distributed generation, data centers, telco, energy storage, transportation etc. The NEMO portable data-loggers are excellent yet affordable tools for temporal power quality and energy management campaigns.

communication options and also a high-end threephase controllers with graphical displays and optional data-logging functions.





Special real-time power factor controller NOVAR 1312 supports thyristor switched compensation with KATKA switches.

To analyse data in full details all instruments do support the ENVIS application. Remote communications for integration in other automation systems is also available.

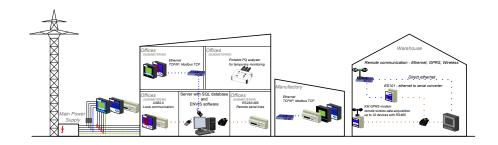
Power Factor Correction Relays

NOVAR presents a complete product line of automatic power factor controllers. It is reliable, efficient, fully automatic, precise and easy to install and maintain. In our portfolio we offer basic controllers for budgetary applications, classical controllers with broad range of

ENVIS: Software for Setup and Data Analysis

ENVIS represents a complete solution for local energy and power quality management monitoring system. In its simplest use case it helps the user to install and monitor supported instruments. It collects the data automatically and provide detailed insights, trends and reports. Back-end for data storage is optimized for speed and compression, but we also support other open formats for data exchange such as PQDIF, XLS, CSV. SQL server database can also be used.

Standard version of ENVIS is provided free of charge and allows configuration, data acquisition and basic data processing. Special functionality can be provided via customized plugins.





About KMB systems



Our main goal is to excel in development, manufacturing and marketing of advanced electronic devices for precise measurement and effective utilization of electrical power in all its possible applications. History of the company began in 1991 as an association of founders with experience in industrial automation and electronics. The first significant project for SCE Decin electrical utility led our interests towards remote monitoring of power distribution grids.

In 1992 we have transformed into a small business (ltd.). Portable data-logger SIMON for LV, MV and HV distribution networks is introduced the same year. We have used the SMD technology already in this product. Quite surprisingly some of these units are still in active use in 2015. Gradually our portfolio has grown with panel and din rail mounted meters, ripple control signal monitoring instruments and other devices.

In 1999 company has presented a successful innova-

tive and award winning product - the NOVAR power factor controller. And it has been living with us since then. Recently we have innovated and complemented this PFC product line to follow requirements of different markets in the coming years.

Since 2002 we are progressively expanding to foreign markets mostly in Europe, Asia and Middle East.

In cooperation with Technical University in Liberec we also assure advanced research capabilities and innovative approach to our customers. TrafoSTART electronic relay for soft starting single-phase transformers (patent number CZ 296466) and smart ferroresonance load AFR are prime examples of this cooperation.

In 2009 we have introduced a new line of power quality analysers for three phase voltage networks which we actively focus on since then. The innovated class S and class A analysers such as SMC, SMD, SMY and ARTIQ with high precision of measurement tested in accordance with the demanding IEC 61557-12 standard are the most up-to date products in this series.

For the year 2014 we have prepared advanced three-phase power factor controller — the NOVAR 26 with large graphical screen and optional memory and a simpler NOVAR 24 for budgetary applications. Communication port became an important feature - we now offer instruments with several communication port such as native Ethernet, simple Modbus RTU and TCP, web server and many more.

2016 sees our company strong in product portfolio, development capabilities and skilled man power. We focus our R&D in emerging technologies for measuring and controlling of the quality of electrical energy in smart grids, distributed generation, energy efficiency monitoring and advanced power quality solutions. This year we plan to release significant updates to portable data-loggers family,

The company is certificated by the quality assurance system according to the EN ISO 9001:2009 standard.



	\$ML 232	2 2 3 1 ENM 33	4001 8	2375	SMC 118	PA 144
	_ 8	2 C 3 C	.m 00	NOME 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	RWH	COMP.
	SML 33	SMM 33	SMK 133	SML 133	SMC 118	PA 144
	230 : 4 ÷ 500V _{LL}	230: 4 ÷ 500V _{LL}	230 : 8 ÷ 620V _{LL}	230 : 8 ÷ 660V _{LL}		
	2,3 ÷ 285V _{LN}	2,3 ÷ 285V _{LN}	6 ÷ 360V _{LN}	6 ÷ 375V _{LN}		
Measuring Range	100 : 2 ÷ 200V _{LL}	100 : 2 ÷ 200V _{LL}	100 : 5 ÷ 310V _{LL}	100 : 5 ÷ 330V _⊥	11 ÷ 520V _{LL}	11 ÷ 520V _{LL}
mododinig rango	1 ÷ 115V _{LN}	1 ÷ 115V _{LN}	3 ÷ 180V _{LN}	3 ÷ 190V _{LN}	6 ÷ 300V _{LN}	6 ÷ 300V _{LN}
	400 : 4 ÷ 505V _{LL}	400 : 4 ÷ 505V _{LL}	400 : 20 ÷ 865V _{LL}	400 : 20 ÷ 865V _{LL}		
	7 ÷ 880V _{LN}	7 ÷ 880V _{LN}	10 ÷ 600V _{LN}	10 ÷ 600V _{LN}		
	U: 75 ÷ 510V _{AC}	U:75 ÷ 510V _{AC}	U: 85 ÷ 275V _{AC}	U: 90 ÷ 275V _{AC}	U:75 ÷ 510V _{AC}	U :75 ÷ 510V _{AC}
	80 ÷ 350V _{DC} 24 : 16 ÷ 30V _{AC}	80 ÷ 350V _{DC} 24 : 16 ÷ 30V _{AC}	80 ÷ 350V _{DC} S : 10 ÷ 26V _{AC}	90 ÷ 350V _{DC} S : 10 ÷ 26V _{AC}	80 ÷ 350V _{DC} S : 10 ÷ 26V _{AC}	$80 \div 350V_{DC}$ S : $10 \div 26V_{AC}$
Auxiliary voltage	18 ÷ 36V _{DC}	18 ÷ 36V _{DC}	$10 \div 36V_{DC}$	10 ÷ 36V _{DC}	10 ÷ 36V _{DC}	$10 \div 36V_{DC}$
	48 : 32 ÷ 54V _{AC}	48 : 32 ÷ 54V _{AC}	H: 85 ÷ 480V _{AC}	L: 20 ÷ 50V _{AC}	L: 20 ÷ 50V _{AC}	L: 20 ÷ 50V _{AC}
	36 ÷ 72V _{DC}	36 ÷ 72V _{DC}	N: -	20 ÷ 75V _{DC}	20 ÷ 75V _{DC}	20 ÷ 75V _{DC}
Measurement cat.	CAT III/ 300V	CAT III/ 300V	CAT III/ 300V	CAT III/ 300V	CAT III/ 300V	CAT III/ 300V
Measurement Measurement	3U, 3I	3U, 3I	3U, 3I	3U, 3I	1U, 8I	4U, 4I
	X/5A, X/1A,	X/5A,	X/5A, X/100mA,	X/5A, X/100mA,	X/100mA, X/4V	X/100mA,
Current Inputs	Sxxx, Pxxx	Sxxx, Pxxx	H20A	333mV	Sxxx, Pxxx	Sxxx, Pxxx
Quadrants	4	4	4A, 4R	4A, 4R	4A, 4R	4A, 4R
Sampling rate	6,4kHz	6,4kHz	6,4kHz	6,4kHz	6,4kHz	6,4kHz
Aggregation	80ms	80ms	200ms	200ms	200ms	200ms
Continuous meas.	•	•	•	•	•	•
Harmonics V/A	-	-	1 - 50	1 - 50	1 - 50	1 - 50
Interharmonics	-	-	-	-	∘ PQ S	-
THD-U [%]	•	•	•	•	•	•
THD-I [%]	•	•	•	•	•	•
Unbalance	-	-	•	•	•	•
Flicker (Pst, Plt)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Voltage Events	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waveforms	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy V/A	±0.5%rdg±0.5%rng	±0.5%rdg±0.5%rng	0.2	0.2	0.1/0.2	0.1/0.2
Active energy	-	-	1	0.5	1	1
Reactive energy	-	-	2	1	2	2
Digital I/O	-	-	-/1	1/2	2/1	2/1
Relay outputs	-	-	1	2	1	1
Analogue I/O	-	-	-/-	-/-	-/-	-/-
Temp. input	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal temp.	•	•	•	•	•	•
Min/max memory	-	-	•	•	640 MD	•
Memory size Clock	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	512 MB	-
Software	ENVIS	ENVIS	ENVIS	ENVIS	ENVIS	ENVIS
EN 50160	-	-	-	-	-	-
IEC 61000-4-30	_	_	_	-	-	-
Interfaces						
RS 485	0	0	0	0	•	•
Ethernet	-	-	-	0	0	0
USB	-	-	-	-	0	0
Web server	-	-	-	0	0	0
Wifi	-	-	-	-	0	-
Gateway	-	-	-	-	o ES	-
Protocols						
Modbus RTU	0	0	0	0	•	•
KMB	0	0	0	0	•	•
ModBus TCP	-	-	-	0	0	0
Construction						
Display	segment LED	segment LED	segment LED	segment LCD	0	0
Dimension	96×96×59	89×90×58	96×48×110	96×96×59	106×90×58	106×90×58
Mounting	panel	DIN35	panel	panel	DIN35	DIN35
, 2 - Standard	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				

^{•, 2 -} Standard
•, 2 - Optional



Crestra	183 2372° 183 2371°	ENG (1)	2027-11 107 535-6 107 4551-	SOURCE ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT ASSESSM	
2000	2371	Route	INTERPORT	EAME	
SMC 144	SMY 133	SMC 133	SMZ 133	ARTIQ 144	
	230 : 8 ÷ 660V _{LL}	230 : 8 ÷ 720V _{LL}	230: 8 ÷ 660V _{LL}		
	6 ÷ 375V _{LN}	6 ÷ 420V _{LN}	6 ÷ 375V _{LN}		
11 ÷ 520V _{LL}	100 : 5 ÷ 330V _{LL}		100 : 5 ÷ 330V _{LL}	1 ÷ 1470V _{LL}	Measuring Range
6 ÷ 300V _{LN}	3 ÷ 190V _{LN}	100 : 5 ÷ 310V _{LL}	3 ÷ 190V _{LN}	1 ÷ 850V _{LN}	Wododing Rango
	400 : 20 ÷ 1090V _{LL}	3 ÷ 180V _{LN}	400 : 20 ÷ 1090V _{LL}		
11.75 . 540\/	10 ÷ 625V _{LN}		10 ÷ 625V _{LN}	11.05 . 075\/	
U :75 ÷ 510V _{AC} 80 ÷ 350V _{DC}	U : 100 ÷ 275V _{AC} 90 ÷ 350V _{DC}	S : 10 ÷ 36V _{DC}		U :85 ÷ 275V _{AC} 80 ÷ 350V _{DC}	
S : 10 ÷ 26V _{AC}	S : 10 ÷ 26V _{AC}		H: 75 ÷ 500V _{AC}	S : 10 ÷ 26V _{AC}	
$10 \div 36V_{DC}$	10 ÷ 36V _{DC}		90 ÷ 600V _{DC}	10 ÷ 36V _{DC}	Auxiliary voltage
L: 20 ÷ 50V _{AC}	L: 20 ÷ 50V _{AC}	L : 20 ÷ 75V _{DC}	0000000	L: 20 ÷ 50V _{AC}	
20 ÷ 75V _{DC}	20 ÷ 75V _{DC}			20 ÷ 75V _{DC}	
CAT III/ 300V	CAT III/ 300V	CAT IV/ 300V	CAT III/ 300V	CAT III/ 300V	Measurement cat.
4U, 4I	3U, 3I	3U, 3I	3U, 3I	4U, 4I	Measurement
X/100mA,	X/5A, X/100mA, 333mV	X/5A, X/100mA	X/5A, X/1A,	X/100mA,	Current Inputs
Sxxx, Pxxx		·	X/100mA	Sxxx, Pxxx	· ·
4A, 4R	4A, 4R	4A, 4R	4A, 4R	4A, 4R	Quadrants
6,4kHz	6,4kHz	6,4kHz	6,4kHz	14,4kHz	Sampling rate
200ms	200ms	200ms	200ms	200ms	Aggregation
4 50	4.50	4 50	4.50	4 400	Continuous meas.
1 - 50	1 - 50	1 - 50	1 - 50	1 - 128	Harmonics V/A
o PQ S	∘ PQ S	o PQ S	∘ PQ S	o PQ A	Interharmonics THD-U [%]
•	•	•	•	•	THD-0 [%]
	•	•	•		Unbalance
∘ PQ S	∘ PQ S	∘ PQ S	∘ PQ S	o PQ A	Flicker (Pst, Plt)
∘ PQ S	∘ PQ S	∘ PQ S	∘ PQ S	∘ PQ A	Voltage Events
∘ GO	∘ G O	∘ GO	∘ GO	∘ GO	Waveforms
0.1/0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.05	Accuracy V/A
1	0.5	1	0.5	0.2	Active energy
2	1	2	1	1	Reactive energy
2/1	2/2	-/-	5/4	2/2	Digital I/O
1	2	-	4	-	Relay outputs
-/-	-/-	-/-	2/2	-/-	Analogue I/O
-	-	-	1	-	Temp. input
•	•	•	•	•	Internal temp.
•		•		•	Min/max memory
512 MB	512 MB	512 MB	512 MB	512 MB	Memory size
6	• FNN (10	6	END (10)	EN #6	Clock
ENVIS	ENVIS	ENVIS	ENVIS	ENVIS	Software
o PQ S	o PQ S	o PQ S	o PQ S	o PQ A class A	EN 50160 IEC 61000-4-30
class S	class S	class S	class S	Class A	Interfaces
•	0	•	0	•	RS 485
0	0	0	0	0	Ethernet
0	•	0	•	0	USB
0	0	0	0	0	Web server
0	-	-	_	_	Wifi
∘ ES	∘ ES	∘ ES	o ES	o ES	Gateway
					Protocols
•	0	•	0	•	Modbus RTU
•	•	•	•	•	KMB
0	0	0	0	0	ModBus TCP
					Construction
0	colour LCD	-	mono. LCD	-	Display
	96×96×59	106×99×58	144×144×59	106×90×58	Dimension
106×90×58 DIN35	panel	DIN35	panel	DIN35	Mounting

^{•, 2 -} Standard •, 2 - Optional



ARTIQ 144

Advanced Power Quality Analyser for Smart Grids

ARTIQ 144 is an advanced compact power quality monitor for smart grids, distribution network monitoring, heavy duty industrial automation and larger energy management projects. Extremely precise power monitor and energy meter in combination with embedded data logger and event recorder makes it an ideal solution for higher added value projects.

Each ARTIQ can be equipped with optional Ethernet communication interface, USB or up to two RS 485 serial lines. Configuration and data management is provided with ENVIS application. In combination with ENVIS.Online service the archived data can be periodically stored to the SQL database and automatically processed.

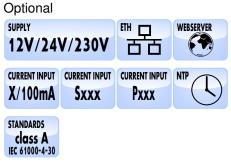


Standards: measures according to EN 61000-4-30 ed. 3

Class A, EN 61000-4-7 ed. 2 class I, EN 61000-4-15 ed. 2.0 F1, reports power quality according to EN 50160 ed3, active energy measures in IEC 62053-22 class 0.2S, reactive in IEC 62053-22 class 2, conforms to IEC EN 61557-12.

- four independent voltage and current inputs continuously sampled at 14,4 kHz/ch.
- · precise active and reactive energy, 3 TOU tariffs, three- and single-phase meter readings
- embedded RS-485 interface, optional Ethernet, USB or secondary serial line
- IEC 61557-12: voltage and current in class 0.05, active power class 0.1, reactive class 1
- · low consumption and heat dissipation, wide range operating temperature







Technical specifications

	Voltage (ULN, ULL)	U1, U2, U3, UN, U12, U23, U31 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Current (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3, ILN [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, PN, 3P (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, QN, 3Q (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, SN, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Harm. Distortion Power (D)	D1, D2, D3, DN [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
METERING	Power Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1, PF2, PF3, PFN, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, cosφN, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
~	Symmetrical Components	zero, negative and positive sequence components of voltage and current
#	Unbalance Factor	unbl, unbU, φnsl
	Voltage THD (THDU)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDUN, THDU12, THDU23, THDU31
	Current THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3, THDIN
	Individual Harmonics	Harmonics 1st to 128th of Voltage and Current and their angles
	Fundament. Harmonic (Ufh, Ifh)	U1fh, U2fh, U3fh, Unfh, I1fh, I2fh, I3fh, INfh
	Frequency (f)	f
	Active Energy	class 0.2S (62053-22), import/export, per phase, per tariff, total
	Reactive Energy	class 2 (62053-23), 4 quadrants, per phase, per tariff, total
ATALOG.	Main Archive	min., max., avg. values of ULN, ULL, I, P, Q, S, D, THDU, THDI, f, Avg. values of harmonics and their angles, Ufh, Ifh,Symmetrical components, Unb. factors, state of I/Os
AL(Electricity Meter Readings	Active and reactive imp. and exp. energy per phase (L1, L2, L3) and per tariff (T1, T2, T3)
AT,	Voltage Event logging	Yes
D)	Waveforms recording	optional firmware module General Oscilogram
S	Alarms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f
	Inputs/Outputs	2 digital inputs, 2 digital outputs
풀	Memory Size	512MB
ОТНЕК	RTC	seconds, minutes, hours, days, months, years
	Communication	RS485, Ethernet, USB

			U : 85 ÷ 275 V _{AC} / 80 ÷ 350 V _{DC}
0	2	aux. voltage	S : 10 ÷ 26 V _{AC} / 10 ÷ 36 V _{DC}
			L: 20 ÷ 50 V _{AC} / 20 ÷ 75 V _{DC}
POWER		power	10 VA / 5 W
		meas. cat.	CAT III / 300 V
	AGE	meas. range	1 ÷ 1470 V _{AC} / 1 ÷ 850 V _{AC} (In/ph)
		input impedance	3,9 MΩ (L _i ↔N)
5	VOLT	connection	wye, delta, aron
INPUT		overload	1300 V _{AC} (perm.), 2210 V _{RMS} (1s)
	CURRENT	meas. range	0,0005 ÷ 2 × I _{NOM}
	CURF	overload	$3 \times I_{NOM}$ (perm.), $5 \div 20 \times I_{NOM}$ (1s)

0]	D	voltage levels	U _L < 3 V, U _H > 10 V, U _{MAX} = 30 V
		input current	3 mA @ 12V / 8 mA @ 24V
	_	SSR ratings	100 V _{AC/DC} , 100 mA
	MP	operating	-25 ÷ 60°C, <95% non-condens.
	TEMP	storage	-40 ÷ 85°C, <95% non-condens.
ER.	EMC	emission	EN 61000 – 4 – 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11
OTHER		immunity	EN 55011 - class A, EN 55022 - class A
		protect. rating	IP 20
		dimensions	105W × 90H × 58D mm / 0,2 kg

COMMUNICATION	RS-485 (standard) galvanically isolated KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols 2400 ÷ 921600 baud
	Ethernet (opt. E) KMBlong, MODBUS TCP protocols
	USB 2.0 (opt. U) KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols Connector type Mini-B

	voltage	0.05
5	current	0.05
7-7	active power	0.1
52	reactive power	1
61	apparent power	0.2
Ш	PF, cosφ	0.5
= ×	frequency	0.02
ACCURACY (IEC 61557-12)	active energy	0.2
3	reactive energy	2
$\ddot{0}$	harm. and THD	1
A	unbalance	0.2
	flicker	2 (F1)

ARTIQ 144 U X/100mA E Instrument model ARTIQ = Class A instrument series, 4U, 4I, 2DO, 2DI, RS-485 Auxiliary power supply $U = 75 V \div 275 VAC, 75 V \div 350 VDC$ $S = 10 \text{ V} \div 26 \text{ VAC}, 10 \text{ V} \div 36 \text{ VDC}$ $L = 20 \text{ V} \div 50 \text{ VAC}, 20 \text{ V} \div 75 \text{ VDC}$ **Current inputs** X/100mA = 100mA AC (indirect measurement) Snnn = with low current output CTs, split-core = with low current output CTs, through-hole Pnnn = without current inputs Optional expanding module N = without expanding module U = USB

Optional firmware modules

E = Ethernet interface

PQ A module

Enables detailed evaluation of power quality according to the EN 50160 into a separate PQ Main archive. It includes flicker, voltage and current inter-harmonics, a RCS voltage level and voltage events - dips, swells and interruptions. Special Modbus registers are activated so that the supervising SCADA system can continuously monitor the live PQ status.



GO module

Module for detection and precise recording of various waveform distortions. This module records the so called oscillograms of voltages and currents in extended detail, capacity and trigger options into the flash memory.



RCS module

The RCS module (ripple control signal or mains voltage) activates an ability to detect, evaluate, decode and store RCS messages transmitted over the distribution network. It precisely measures voltage on the selected frequency and stores the extracted information.



MM Module

The Modbus Master module enhances instruments data logging abilities. By using this module you can configure the instrument to read and store any Modbus registers from any instruments of any manufacturer connected to it's RS-485 line.

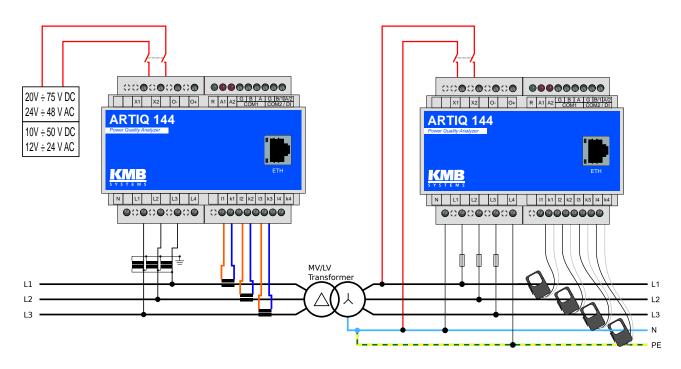


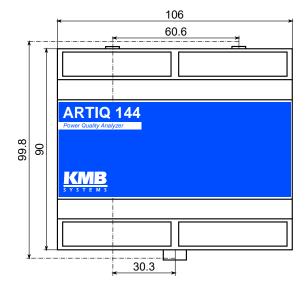
ES Module

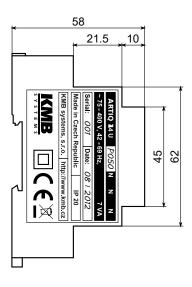
The Ethernet to Serial module makes gateway between Ethernet and serial line (RS-485). By using this module you can access your RS-485 instruments over Ethernet.











SMC 133

Analyser and Data Logger for Smart Grid

SMC 133 is specially designed for remote monitoring of energy consumption and its quality. The DIN rail display-less design is suitable for a wide spectrum of tasks in substations and similar high demanding applications. Absence of local panel controls (display and keyboard) limits possibilities for hostile user interaction.

This instruments are an ideal source of data for any modern SCADA system with embedded support for ModBus protocol and it is also supported by our free ENVIS application. Its input and output set can be extended with additional IO modules for advanced control functionality.

SMC 133 features large internal memory for data logging of measured values. Quantities include a multitude of additional



functions such as the storage of minimum, average and maximum values, energy consumption, logs of state changes and many other. All this information is available for later download by the supervising software.

Key features:

- three independent voltage and current inputs (3p-wye, 3p-delta, 3p-Aron)
- · measurement category 300V / CAT IV
- · internal 1 hour UPS
- electricity meter supports 3 tariffs, single- and three-phase measurement in four or six quadrants
- basic measurement interval 10/12 periods, 128 samples/period
- standard embedded RS-485 interface, optionally Ethernet, USB
- features can be upgraded via external I/O modules (with ModBus Master fw. module)





class S

Technical specification

	Voltage (ULN, ULL)	U1, U2, U3, U12, U23, U31 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Current (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, 3P (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, 3Q (import, export, total, 1 st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
450	Harm. Distortion Power (D)	D1, D2, D3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
METERING	Power Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1, PF2, PF3, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
~	Symmetrical Components	zero, negative and positive sequence components of voltage and current
l #	Unbalance Factor	unbl, unbU, φnsl
₩ ₩	Voltage THD (THDU)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDU12, THDU23, THDU31
	Current THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3
	Individual Harmonics	Harmonics 1 st to 50 th of Voltage and Current and their angles
	Fundament. Harmonic (Ufh, Ifh)	U1fh, U2fh, U3fh, I1fh, I2fh, I3fh
	Frequency (f)	f
	Active Energy	class 0.5S (62053-22), import/export, per phase, per tariff, total
	Reactive Energy	class 2 (62053-23), 4 quadrants, per phase, per tariff, total
DATALOG.	Main Archive	min., max., avg. values of ULN, ULL, I, P, Q, S, D, THDU, THDI, f, Avg. values of harmonics and their angles, Ufh, Ifh,Symmetrical components, Unb. factors, state of I/Os
AL	Electricity Meter Readings	Active and reactive imp. and exp. energy per phase (L1, L2, L3) and per tariff (T1, T2, T3)
AT	Voltage Event logging	optional firmware module Power Quality S
	Waveforms recording	optional firmware module General Oscilogram
10	Alarms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f
82	Inputs/Outputs	-
뽀	Memory Size	512MB
OTHERS	RTC	seconds, minutes, hours, days, months, years (SMC 144)
	Communication	RS485, Ethernet, USB

POWER		aux voltago	S : 10 ÷ 36 V _{DC}
Š		aux. voltage	L: 20 ÷ 75 V _{DC}
٥) -	power	3,5 VA / 3,5 W
			230 : 8 ÷ 720 V _{LL} / 6 ÷ 420 V _{LN} (1820V _{LN} /1s)
느	VOLTAGE		100 : 5 ÷ 310 V _{LL} / 3 ÷ 180 V _{LN} (600V _{LN} /1s)
N N			230 : CAT III / 300V
			100 : CAT III / 300V
		measuring range	X/100mA : 0,25mA÷0.15A (10A/1s) X/5A : 12,5mA ÷ 7,5A (90A/1s)

OTHER		Internal battery	up to 1hour of operation, 1000mAh
	TEMP	operating	-25 ÷ 60°C, <95% non-condens.
	韭	storage	-40 ÷ 85°C, <95% non-condens.
	EMC	emission	EN 61000 – 4 – 2, 4, 5, 6, 11
		immunity	EN 55011 - class A EN 55022 - class A
		protection rating	IP 20
		dimensions	105W × 90H × 58D mm / 0,2 kg

NO	galvanically isolated KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols 2400 ÷ 921600 baud
COMMUNICATION	Ethernet 10Base-T (opt. E) KMBlong, MODBUS TCP protocols 10 Mbit/s
CO	USB 2.0 (opt. U) KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols

RS-485 (standard)

	voltage	0.2		
5	current	0.2		
7-1	active power	1		
22	reactive power	2		
ACCURACY (IEC 61557-12)	apparent power	1		
<u> </u>	PF, cosφ	0.5		
\	frequency	0.05		
AC	active energy	1		
- R	reactive energy	2		
Ö	harm. and THD	2		
A	unbalance	0.5		
	Flicker	5		

Connector type Mini-B

SMC 133 S 230 X/100mA

Instrument Model

SMC 133 = Power analyser and datalogger, RS485

Auxiliary Power Supply

 $S = 10 V \div 36 VDC$ $L = 20 V \div 75 VDC$

Nominal Measuring Voltage

230 = 230V/400V100 = 57,7V/100V

Current Inputs

X/100mA = 100mA AC (indirect measurement with 100mA CT)

= 5A AC (standard indirect measurement)

Remote Communication Interface

N = without expanding module

U = USB

E = Ethernet interface

Optional firmware modules

PQ S module

Module for evaluation of power quality according to EN 50160 (class S). Enables measurement and recording of flicker indices, interharmonics and voltage events. Power quality is evaluated weekly and stored to special PQ Main archive for future processing.



GO module

Module for detection and precise recording of various waveform distortions. This module records the so called oscillograms of voltages and currents in extended detail, capacity and trigger options into the flash memory.



RCS module

The RCS module (ripple control signal or mains voltage) activates an ability to detect, evaluate, decode and store RCS messages transmitted over the distribution network. It precisely measures voltage on the selected frequency and stores the extracted information.



MM Module

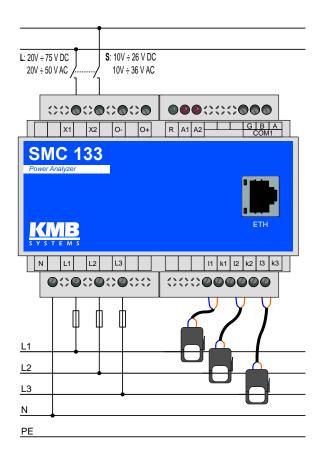
The Modbus Master module enhances instruments data logging abilities. By using this module you can configure the instrument to read and store any Modbus registers from any instruments of any manufacturer connected to it's RS-485 line.

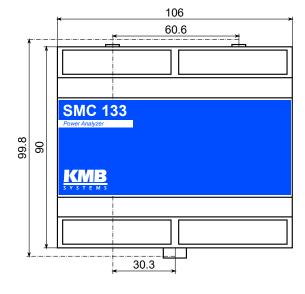


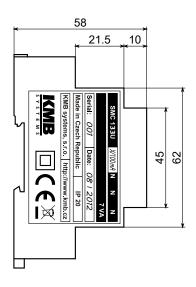
ES Module

The Ethernet to Serial module makes gateway between Ethernet and serial line (RS-485). By using this module you can access your RS-485 instruments over Ethernet.









SMY 133

Power Monitor and Data Logger

SMY 133 is an advanced 3-phase multimeter and data logger with large color LCD display. Instrument is designed for monitoring in single- and three-phase MV and HV distribution network stations as well as in regular LV cabinets. It includes per-phase and three phase active energy meter with separated generation / consumption readings and reactive energy, measured in all four quadrants.

Typical applications: wide area power quality monitoring in smart grids, live supervision with SCADA, industrial and commercial automation, sub-metering, energy and demand side management.

Programmable relays or pulse outputs can control other equipment based on measured values (fan control, over voltage/over current etc). S0 digital outputs translates embedded electricity meter energies to pulses.



- three-phase active and reactive energy meter (kWh, kvarh, L, C, +, -) measures in 4 quadrants
- energy: active 0.5S acc. IEC 62053-22, reactive class 2 (1) acc. IEC 62053-23
- voltage and current: class 0.2, active power 0.5 according to IEC 61557-12
- programmable pulse or relay outputs (option RR, RI, II), built-in temperature, binary input
- 512 MB of internal memory for data logging and energy recording
- continuous sampling 128 s./period, 6.4 kHz, direct & indirect measurement (with VT and CT)
- local USB, optional remote RS 485 or Ethernet communication







Technical specification

	Voltage (ULN, ULL)	U1, U2, U3, U12, U23, U31 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Current (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, 3P (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, 3Q (import, export, total, 1 st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Harm. Distortion Power (D)	D1, D2, D3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
S S	Power Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1, PF2, PF3, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
2	Symmetrical Components	zero, negative and positive sequence components of voltage and current
#	Unbalance Factor	unbl, unbU, φnsl
METERING	Voltage THD (THDU)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDU12, THDU23, THDU31
	Current THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3
	Individual Harmonics	Harmonics 1st to 50th of U and I, their angles and interharm subgroups (PQ S)
	Fundament. Harmonic (Ufh, Ifh)	U1fh, U2fh, U3fh, I1fh, I2fh, I3fh
	Frequency (f)	f
	Active Energy	class 0.5S (62053-22), import/export, per phase, per tariff, total
	Reactive Energy	class 2 (62053-23), 4 quadrants, per phase, per tariff, total
DATALOGGING	Main Archive	min., max., avg. values of ULN, ULL, I, P, Q, S, D, THDU, THDI, f, Avg. values of harmonics and their angles, Ufh, Ifh,Symmetrical components, Unb. factors, state of I/Os
90	Electricity Meter Readings	Active and reactive imp. and exp. energy per phase (L1, L2, L3) and per tariff (T1, T2, T3)
₹	Voltage Event logging	optional firmware module PQ S
DA.	Waveforms recording	optional firmware module GO
10	Alarms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f
2	Inputs/Outputs	Optionally: 1 digital input, 2 relays or 2 digital outputs
뿔	Memory Size	512MB
OTHERS	RTC	seconds, minutes, hours, days, months, years
	Communication	USB, RS485, Ethernet

			11.400 - 075 \/ /00 - 250 \/		
			U : $100 \div 275 V_{AC} / 90 \div 350 V_{DC}$		
L C		aux. voltage	S : $10 \div 26 V_{AC} / 10 \div 36 V_{DC}$		
POWER			L: 20 ÷ 50 V _{AC} / 20 ÷ 75 V _{DC}		
<u>а</u>) -	power	8 VA / 3 W		
		overvoltage cat.	CAT III / 300 V		
		measuring range	230 : 8÷660 V _{LL} / 6÷375 V _{LN} (1.2kV/1s)		
	E GE		100 : 5÷330 V _{LL} / 3÷190 V _{LN} (0,6kV _{LN} /1s)		
	۲IA		400 : 20÷1090V _{LL} /10÷625V _{LN} (2kV _{LN} /1s)		
5	measurement 230 , 400 : CAT III / 300V	230 , 400 : CAT III / 300V			
불		category	100 : CAT IV / 150V		
	LN		X/5A : 5 mA ÷ 7 A (70A/1s)		
	RE	measuring range	X/100mA : 1 mA ÷ 390 mA (10A/1s)		
	no		333mV : 2 mV ÷ 500 mV		

	D	voltage levels	$U_L < 3 \text{ V}, U_H > 10 \text{ V}, U_{MAX} = 60 \text{ V}_{AC} / 100 \text{ V}_{DC}$		
9		input current	1 mA @ 10V / 5 mA @ 24V 10 mA @ 48V		
	1	ssr. ratings	60 V _{AC} / 100 V _{DC} , 100 mA		
	R	relay ratings	250 V _{AC} / 30 V _{DC} , 5 A		
	TEMP	operating	-25 ÷ 60°C, <95% non-condens.		
~	벁	storage	-40 ÷ 80°C, <95% non-condens.		
單	EMC	emission	EN 61000 – 4 – 2, 4, 5, 6, 11		
OTHER	lΞ	immunity	EN 55011, EN 55022 - class A		
		protection rating	IP 40 (optional IP 54) front panel		
		dimensions	96W × 96H × 58D mm / 0,3 kg		

COMMUNICATION	Local USB 2.0 (standard) KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols Connector type Mini-B
	RS-485 (opt. 4, E4) galvanically isolated KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols 2400 ÷ 921600 baud
CO	Ethernet (opt. E, E4) KMBlong, MODBUS TCP protocols 100 Mbit/s

	voltage	0.2
5	current	0.2
7-1	active power	0.5
22	reactive power	1
61	apparent power	0.5
Ш	PF, cosφ	0.5
	frequency	0.02
ACCURACY (IEC 61557-12)	active energy	0.5
J. R	reactive energy	2
\ddot{o}	harm. and THD	2
A	unbalance	0.5
	flicker	5

```
SMY 133 U 230 X/5A RR
Instrument Model
   SMY 133 = Power analyser, datalogger, 3U, 3I
Auxiliary Power Supply
   U = 100 V \div 275 VAC, 80 V \div 350 VDC
   S = 10 V \div 26 VAC, 10 V \div 36 VDC
   L = 20 \text{ V} \div 50 \text{ VAC}, 20 \text{ V} \div 75 \text{ VDC}
Nominal Measuring Voltage
   230 = 230V/400V
   100 = 57,7V/100V
   400 = 400V/690V
Current Inputs
           = 5A and 1A AC (standard indirect measurement)
   X/5A
   X/100mA = 100mA AC (indirect measurement)
   X/333mV = input for sensors with 333mV output
Digital I/O
   N = without I/O
   RR = 2× relay output + 1× logical input 24V
   RI = 1× relay output + 1× pulse output + 1× logical input 24V
   II = 2× pulse output + 1× logical input 24V
   V = 2× pulse output + 2× logical input 24V (only with option E4)
Communication Interface
   N = USB, no remote comm. link
   4 = USB, RS-485
   E = USB, Ethernet 10BaseT
   E4 = USB, Ethernet, RS-485 (only with option V, 2×OUT 2×IN)
```

Optional firmware modules

PQ S module

Module for evaluation of power quality according to EN 50160 (class S). Enables measurement and recording of flicker indices, interharmonics and voltage events. Power quality is evaluated weekly and stored to special PQ Main archive for future processing.



GO module

Module for detection and precise recording of various waveform distortions. This module records the so called oscillograms of voltages and currents in extended detail, capacity and trigger options into the flash memory.



MM Module

The Modbus Master module enhances instruments data logging abilities. By using this module you can configure the instrument to read and store any Modbus registers from any instruments of any manufacturer connected to it's RS-485 line.



ES Module

The Ethernet to Serial module makes gateway between Ethernet and serial line (RS-485). By using this module you can access your RS-485 instruments over Ethernet.

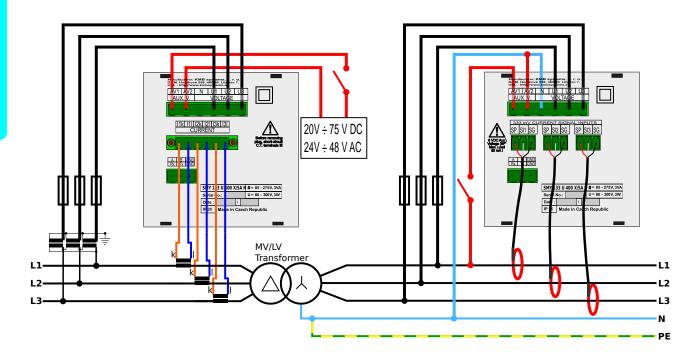


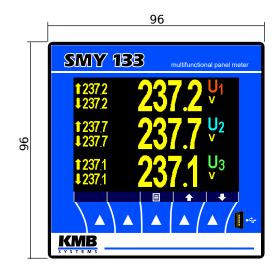
RCS module

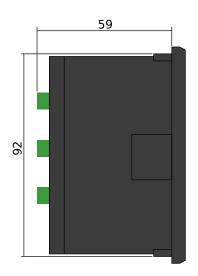
The RCS module (ripple control signal or mains voltage) activates an ability to detect, evaluate, decode and store RCS messages transmitted over the distribution network. It precisely measures voltage on the selected frequency and stores the extracted information.











PA 144, SMC 144

Meters, Analysers and Data Loggers for Energy Management Systems

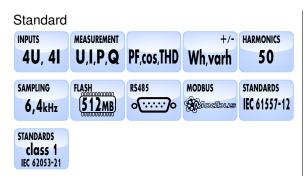
PA 144 and SMC 144 is specially designed for remote monitoring of energy consumption and its quality. The DIN rail display-less design with multiple communication options is suitable for a wide spectrum of automation tasks in modern buildings, remote supervision of the infrastructure and also remote load management. Absence of local panel controls (display and keyboard) limits possibilities for hostile user interaction.

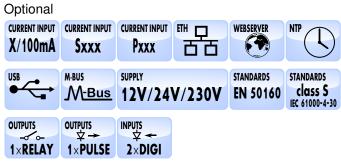
This instruments are an ideal and cost-optimized source of data for any modern SCADA system with embedded support for ModBus protocol and it is also supported by our free ENVIS application. Its input and output set can be extended with additional IO modules for advanced control functionality.

PA 144 is sensor for measuring of actual values, SMC 144 furthermore features large internal memory for data logging of measured values.



- four independent voltage and current inputs (4x1p, 3p-wye, 3p-delta)
- · electricity meter supports 3 tariffs, single- and three-phase measurement in four or six quadrants
- basic measurement interval 10/12 periods, 128 samples/period
- · optional bus for external modules or 2 digital inputs
- features can be upgraded via external I/O modules (with ModBus Master fw. module)





Technical specification

		Voltage (ULN, ULL)		U1, U2, U3, UN, U12, U23, U31 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]		
		Curr	ent (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3, ILN [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]		
		Pow	er (P)	P1, P2, P3, PN, 3P (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]		
		Rea	ctive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, QN, 3Q (import, export, total, 1 st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]		
		App	arent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, SN, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]		
		Harm. Distortion Power (D)		D1, D2, D3, DN [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]		
	S S	Pow	rer Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1, PF2, PF3, PFN, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, cosφN, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]		
	~	Sym	metrical Components	zero, negative and positive sequence components of voltage and current		
	METERING	Unb	alance Factor	unbl, unbU, onsl		
	¥	Volta	age THD (THDU)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDUN, THDU12, THDU23, THDU31		
		Curr	ent THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3, THDIN		
		Individual Harmonics		Harmonics 1st to 50th of U and I, their angles and interharm subgroups (PQ S)		
		Fundament. Harmonic (Ufh, Ifh)		U1fh, U2fh, U3fh, Unfh, I1fh, I2fh, I3fh, INfh		
		Frequency (f)		f		
		Active Energy		class 1 (62053-21), import/export, per phase, per tariff, total		
		Reactive Energy		class 2 (62053-23), 4 quadrants, per phase, per tariff, total		
	DATALOG.	144	Main Archive	min., max., avg. values of ULN, ULL, I, P, Q, S, D, THDU, THDI, f, Avg. values of harmonics and their angles, Ufh, Ifh,Symmetrical components, Unb. factors, state of I/Os		
	AL(7	Electricity Meter Readings	Active and reactive imp. and exp. energy per phase (L1, L2, L3) and per tariff (T1, T2, T3)		
	AT	SMC	Voltage Event logging	optional firmware module Power Quality S		
			Waveforms recording	optional firmware module General Oscilogram		
)	Alar	ms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f		
	RS	Inpu	ts/Outputs	Optionally: 2 digital inputs, 1 relay or digital output, bus for external modules		
	뿔	Men	nory Size	512MB (SMC 144)		
	OTHERS	RTC		seconds, minutes, hours, days, months, years (SMC 144)		
		Con	nmunication	RS485, Ethernet, USB, M-Bus		

_				
			U : $75 \div 510 V_{AC} / 80 \div 350 V_{DC}$	
Ç	<u>د</u> اا	aux. voltage	S : 10 ÷ 26 V _{AC} / 10 ÷ 36 V _{DC}	
	\$		L: 20 ÷ 50 V _{AC} / 20 ÷ 75 V _{DC}	
POWER		power	7 VA / 3 W	
		meas. cat.	CAT III / 300 V	
	OLTAGE	measuring range	11 ÷ 520 V _{LL} / 6 ÷ 300 V _{LN}	
		input impedance	2,7 MΩ (L _i ↔N)	
5	VOL	connection	wye, delta, aron	
INPUT		overload	1300 V _{RMS} , 1950 V _{RMS} / 1s	
	CURRENT	measuring range	0,02 ÷ 1,2 × I _{NOM}	
	CUR	overload	$2 \times I_{NOM}$, $10 \times I_{NOM} / 1s$	

	D	voltage levels	$U_L < 3 \text{ V}, U_H > 10 \text{ V}, U_{MAX} = 30 \text{ V}$		
0		input current	3 mA @ 12V / 8 mA @ 24V		
		ssr. ratings	60 V _{AC} / 100 V _{DC} , 300 mA		
	œ	relay ratings	230 V _{AC} / 30 V _{DC} , 3 A		
	ИΡ	operating	-25 ÷ 60°C, <95% non-condens.		
	TEMP	storage	-40 ÷ 85°C, <95% non-condens.		
OTHER	EMC	emission	EN 61000 – 4 – 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11		
0		immunity	EN 55011, EN 55022 - class A		
		protection rating	IP 20		
		dimensions	105W × 90H × 58D mm / 0,2 kg		

COMMUNICATION	RS-485 (standard), galvanically isolated KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols
	RS-485 (secondary, B), galvanically isolated KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols
	Ethernet (opt. E) KMBlong, MODBUS TCP, 100 Mbit/s
	USB 2.0 (opt. U) KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols
	Wi-Fi (opt. W) KMBlong, MODBUS
	M-Bus (opt. M)

	voltage	0.1		
5)	current	0.2		
7-1	active power	1		
ACCURACY (IEC 61557-12)	reactive power	2		
61	apparent power	1		
<u> </u>	PF, cosφ 0.5			
<u> </u>	frequency	0.05		
AC	active energy	1		
N 1	reactive energy	2		
Ö	harm. and THD	2		
) V	unbalance	0.5		
	flicker	5		

```
SMC 144 U X/100mA R
                                                                                            Ε
Instrument model
   PA = power sensor & network monitor, RS485
   SMC = network analyser & datalogger, RS485
Measuring inputs
   144 = 4 voltage + 4 current inputs
Auxiliary power supply
   U = 75 V \div 510 VAC, 80 V \div 350 VDC
   S = 10 \text{ V} \div 26 \text{ VAC}, 10 \text{ V} \div 36 \text{ VDC}
   L = 20 \text{ V} \div 50 \text{ VAC}, 20 \text{ V} \div 75 \text{ VDC}
Current inputs
   X/100mA = 100mA AC (indirect measurement)
   Snnn = with low current output CTs, split-core
            = with low current output CTs, through-hole
Optional digital output
   N = without output
   R = relay output
   I = pulse output
Optional peripheral
   N = without optional peripheral
   B = bus for connection of external modules
   D = two digital inputs
   M = M-Bus interface (not combinable with option E, W)
Optional expanding module
   N = without expanding module
   U = USB
   E = Ethernet interface (not combinable with option M)
   W = USB, WiFi (not combinable with option M)
```

Optional firmware modules

PQ S module

Module for evaluation of power quality according to EN 50160 (class S). Enables measurement and recording of flicker indices, interharmonics and voltage events. Power quality is evaluated weekly and stored to special PQ Main archive for future processing.



GO module

Module for detection and precise recording of various waveform distortions. This module records the so called oscillograms of voltages and currents in extended detail, capacity and trigger options into the flash memory.



MM Module

The Modbus Master module enhances instruments data logging abilities. By using this module you can configure the instrument to read and store any Modbus registers from any instruments of any manufacturer connected to it's RS-485 line.



ES Module

The Ethernet to Serial module makes gateway between Ethernet and serial line (RS-485). By using this module you can access your RS-485 instruments over Ethernet.

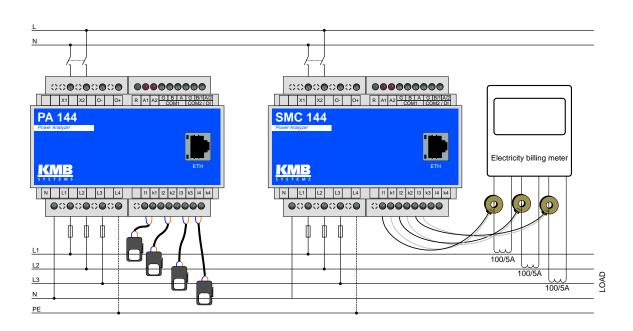


RCS module

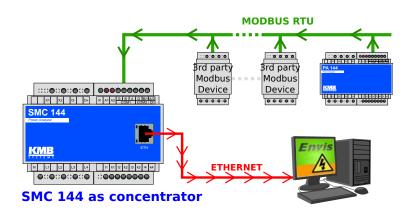
The RCS module (ripple control signal or mains voltage) activates an ability to detect, evaluate, decode and store RCS messages transmitted over the distribution network. It precisely measures voltage on the selected frequency and stores the extracted information.

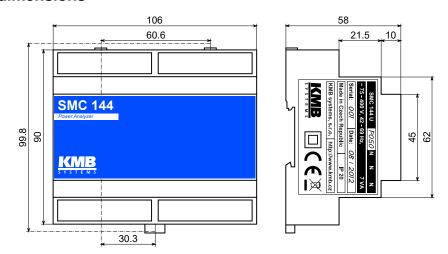






ModBus Master firmware option







SML 133

Multifunctional Panel Meter

SML 133 is a basic 3-phase multimeter with large bright segment LCD display. Instrument is designed for load or generation monitoring in single-phase and three-phase low, medium and high voltage networks. Measurement of actual temperature within a control panel is also supported with an in-built temperature sensor.

Optional relay or impulse outputs can be programmed to control other equipment based on measured values (fan control, over voltage/over current etc). Impulse outputs can also work as an S0 pulse output for the embedded electricity meter. Optional communication interface allows it to be simply configured and managed via ENVIS application from a remote PC. In combination with ENVIS.Online service its actual values can be also periodically downloaded and stored to the SQL database for further processing.



Typical applications: replacement of analog instrument, energy management, sub-metering, remote online energy and power monitoring, industrial automation.

- · measuring multimeter of actual network data
- three-phase energy meter (kWh, kvarh, +,-) measures in 4 or 6 quadrants
- · single-phase, three-phase or Aron connection, direct & indirect measurement (with VT and CT)
- voltage and current: class 0.2 / 0.2 according to 61557-12
- energy: active 0.5, reactive class 2 according to 61557-12, 62053-22 resp. -23
- · built-in PT100 temperature sensor, binary input



Optional							
CURRENT INPUT	CURRENT INPUT	CURRENT INPUT	SUPPLY		RS485	MODBUS	
X/5A	X/100mA	333mV	12V/24V/230V		00	Modbus	
ETH 🗖	WEBSERVER	OUTPUTS	OUTPUTS	INPUŢS			
古古		2×RELAY	2×PULSE	1×DIGI			

Technical specification

	Voltage (ULN, ULL)	U1, U2, U3, UN, U12, U23, U31 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Current (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, 3P (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, 3Q (import, export, total, 1 st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Harm. Distortion Power (D)	D1, D2, D3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
METERING	Power Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1, PF2, PF3, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
~	Symmetrical Components	zero, negative and positive sequence components of voltage and current
H H	Unbalance Factor	unbl, unbU, φnsl
뿔	Voltage THD (THDU)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDU12, THDU23, THDU31
	Current THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3
	Individual Harmonics	Harmonics 1 st to 50 th of Voltage and Current and their angles
	Fundament. Harmonic (Ufh, Ifh)	U1fh, U2fh, U3fh, I1fh, I2fh, I3fh
	Frequency (f)	f
	Active Energy	class 0.5S (62053-22), import/export, per phase, per tariff, total
	Reactive Energy	class 2 (62053-23), 4 quadrants, per phase, per tariff, total
9 _C	Main Archive	No
DATALOG	Electricity Meter Readings	No
₽ .	Voltage Event logging	No
	Waveforms recording	No
40	Alarms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f
OTHERS	Inputs/Outputs	Optionally: 1 digital input, 2 relays or 2 digital outputs
	Memory Size	No
TO	RTC	No
	Communication	RS485, Ethernet
	<u> </u>	

			U : 90 ÷ 275 V _{AC} / 90 ÷ 350 V _{DC}
T C		aux. voltage	S : 10 ÷ 26 V _{AC} / 10 ÷ 36 V _{DC}
POWER			L : $20 \div 50 \text{ V}_{AC} / 20 \div 75 \text{ V}_{DC}$
О) -	power	8 VA / 3 W
		overvoltage cat.	CAT III / 300 V
	VOLTAGE	measuring range	230 : 8÷660 V _{LL} / 6÷375 V _{LN} (1.2kV/1s)
			100 : 5÷330 V _{LL} / 3÷190 V _{LN} (0,6kV _{LN} /1s)
			400 : 20÷1090V _{LL} /10÷625V _{LN} (2kV _{LN} /1s)
5		measurement	230 , 400 : CAT III / 300V
P P		category	100 : CAT IV / 150V
	INT	measuring range	X/5A : 5 mA ÷ 7 A (70A/1s)
	CURRENT		X/100mA : 1 mA ÷ 390 mA (10A/1s)
			333mV : 2 mV ÷ 500 mV

<u></u>	Q	voltage levels	$U_L < 3 \text{ V}, U_H > 10 \text{ V}, U_{MAX} = 60 \text{ V}_{AC} / 100 \text{ V}_{DC}$
		input current	1 mA @ 10V / 5 mA @ 24V 10 mA @ 48V
	1	ssr. ratings	60 V _{AC} / 100 V _{DC} , 100 mA
	R	relay ratings	250 V _{AC} / 30 V _{DC} , 5 A
	TEMP	operating	-25 ÷ 60°C, <95% non-condens.
~		storage	-40 ÷ 80°C, <95% non-condens.
單	EMC	emission	EN 61000 – 4 – 2, 4, 5, 6, 11
OTHER		immunity	EN 55011, EN 55022 - class A
)		protection rating	IP 40 (optional IP 54) front panel
		dimensions	96W × 96H × 58D mm / 0,3 kg

COMMUNICATION	RS-485 (opt. 4) galvanically isolated KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols 2400 ÷ 921600 baud
COMMUN	Ethernet (opt. E) KMBlong, MODBUS TCP protocols
	M-Bus (opt. M)

	voltage	0.2
2	current	0.2
27-	active power	0.5
15	reactive power	1
ပ	apparent power	0.5
븰	PF, cosφ	0.5
ACCURACY (IEC 61557-12)	frequency	0.02
₹ A	active energy	0.5
D C	reactive energy	2
AC	harm. and THD	2
	unbalance	0.5

SML 133 U 230 X/5A RR E

Instrument Model

SML 133 = Three-phase multimeter, 3U, 3I

Auxiliary Power Supply

 $U = 90 V \div 275 VAC, 80 V \div 350 VDC$

 $S = 10 V \div 26 VAC, 10 V \div 36 VDC$

 $L = 20 \text{ V} \div 50 \text{ VAC}, 20 \text{ V} \div 75 \text{ VDC}$

Nominal Measuring Voltage

230 = 230V/400V

100 = 57,7V/100V

400 = 400V/690V

Current Inputs

X/5A = 5A and 1A AC (standard indirect measurement)

X/100mA = 100mA AC (indirect measurement)

333mV = input for sensors with 333mV output

Digital I/0

N = without I/O

RR = $2 \times \text{ relay output } + 1 \times \text{ logical input } 24V$

RI = 1× relay output + 1× pulse output + 1× logical input 24V

II = 2× pulse output + 1× logical input 24V

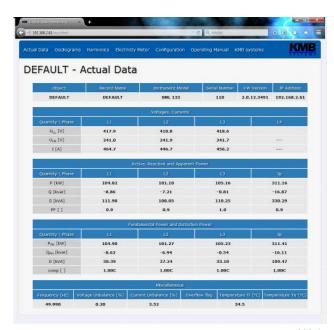
Remote Communication Interface

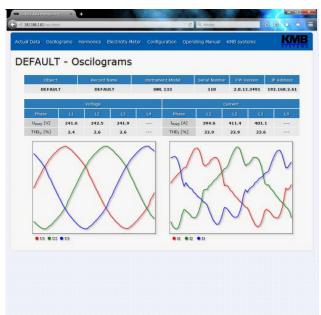
N = no remote comm. link

M = M-Bus interface

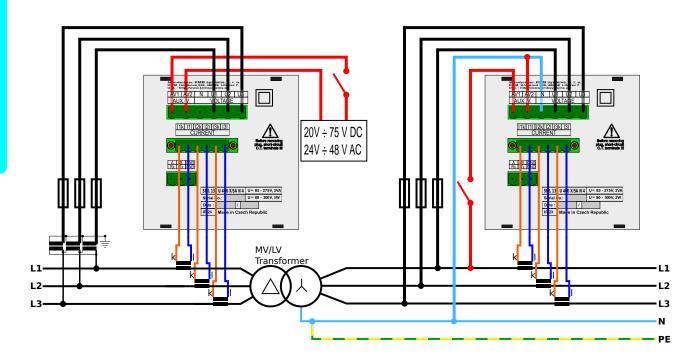
4 = RS - 485

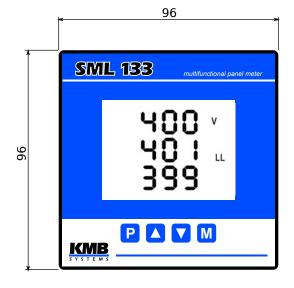
E = Ethernet 10BaseT

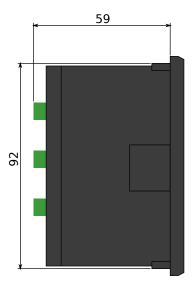




Webserver







SMZ 133

Power monitor and data logger

SMZ 133 3-phase panel meter with large LCD display. Instrument is designed for load or generation monitoring in single-phase and three-phase LV, MV, HV networks.

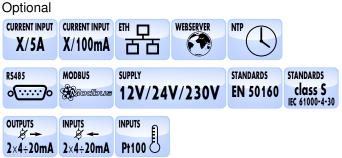
Various outputs can be programmed to control other equipment based on input values and the actual measurements. Data naturally flow to any SCADA system. In combination with ENVIS Daq or .Online historical data can be also archived into a SQL database for further analysis.

Typical applications: remote online monitoring and control in industrial automation and smart buildings, energy management, sub-metering, demand side management (DSM), programmable logic or pulse counters



- · advanced power meter with programmable inputs and outputs, energy meter, data logger
- precise evaluation of 3 voltage and current inputs, 128 s./period, continuous ~6.4kHz sampling
- · complete three-phase energy meter (kWh, kvarh), supports rates and TOU (time of use meter)
- Inputs 1x 250 V DI, 4x 24V DI, 2x 10 V or 0÷20 mA AI, 1x Pt100
- Outputs 4x 250 V relay DO, 4x 24 V SSR DO, 2x 0÷20 mA AO
- multiple simultaneous communication ports local USB, remote 1-2x RS-485 or Ethernet





Technical specification

		Voltage (ULN, ULL)	U1, U2, U3, U12, U23, U31 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
		Current (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
		Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, 3P (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
		Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, 3Q (import, export, total, 1 st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
		Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
		Harm. Distortion Power (D)	D1, D2, D3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	METERING	Power Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1, PF2, PF3, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	~	Symmetrical Components	zero, negative and positive sequence components of voltage and current
	H I	Unbalance Factor	unbl, unbU, φnsl
	뿔	Voltage THD (THDU)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDU12, THDU23, THDU31
		Current THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3
		Individual Harmonics	Harmonics 1st to 50th of Voltage and Current and their angles
		Fundament. Harmonic (Ufh, Ifh)	U1fh, U2fh, U3fh, I1fh, I2fh, I3fh
		Frequency (f)	f
		Active Energy	class 0.5S (62053-22), import/export, per phase, per tariff, total
		Reactive Energy	class 2 (62053-23), 4 quadrants, per phase, per tariff, total
	DATALOGGING	Main Archive	min., max., avg. values of ULN, ULL, I, P, Q, S, D, THDU, THDI, f, Avg. values of harmonics and their angles, Ufh, Ifh,Symmetrical components, Unb. factors, state of I/Os
	90	Electricity Meter Readings	Active and reactive imp. and exp. energy per phase (L1, L2, L3) and per tariff (T1, T2, T3)
	롣	Voltage Event logging	optional firmware module PQ S
	DA.	Waveforms recording	optional firmware module GO
	10	Alarms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f
	82	Inputs/Outputs	Optionally: 4 relays, 4 digital inputs, 2 analog inputs and outputs, 1 input for Pt100
	뽀	Memory Size	512MB
	OTHERS	RTC	seconds, minutes, hours, days, months, years
		Communication	USB, RS485, Ethernet

<u>C</u>	1	aux. voltage	H : $75 \div 500 V_{AC} / 90 \div 600 V_{DC}$
POWER		power	20 VA / 8 W
٥) -	overvoltage cat.	CAT III / 300 V
	VOLTAGE	measuring range	230 : 8÷660 V _{LL} /6÷375 V _{LN} (1,2kV/1s)
			100 : 5÷330 V _{LL} /3÷190 V _{LN} (0,6kV/1s)
			400 : 20÷1090V _{LL} /10÷625V _{LN} (2kV _{LN} /1s)
1		measurement category	230 : CAT III / 300V
N N			100 : CAT IV / 150V
			400 : CAT III / 300V
	CURRENT	measuring range	X/5A : 5 mA ÷ 7 A (70A/1s)
			X/100mA : 1 mA ÷ 0.39 A (10A/1s)

	Q	24V input	$U_L < 3 \text{ V}, U_H > 10 \text{ V}, 35 V_{DC}$
	_	230V input	$U_L < 30 \text{ V}, U_H > 90 \text{ V}, 265 V_{AC}$
	-	ssr. ratings	60 V _{AC} / 100 V _{DC} , 100 mA
9	R	relay ratings	250 V _{AC} / 30 V _{DC} , 5 A
	۷	Analog input	$0 \div 24$ mA, impedance 120 Ω
	1	Analog output	0 ÷ 20 mA, max. 500 Ω
	T	Pt100 input	range -50 ÷ 150 °C
	MP	operating	-25 ÷ 60°C, <95% non-condens.
~	買	storage	-40 ÷ 80°C, <95% non-condens.
單	EMC	emission	EN 61000 – 4 – 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11
OTHER		immunity	EN 55011, EN 55022 - class A
0		protection rating	IP 40 (optional IP 54) front panel
		dimensions	96W × 96H × 58D mm / 0,3 kg

ION	Local USB 2.0 (standard) KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols
COMMUNICATION	RS-485 (opt. 4, E4, 44) galvanically isolated KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols 2400 ÷ 921600 baud
CO	Ethernet (opt. E, E4) KMBlong, MODBUS TCP protocols 100 Mbit/s

	voltage	0.2
12)	current	0.2
-29	active power	0.5
15	reactive power	1
9 0	apparent power	0.5
31)	PF, cosφ	0.5
ACCURACY (IEC 61557-12)	frequency	0.02
IRA	active energy	0.5
no	reactive energy	2
AC	harm. and THD	2
	unbalance	0.5

```
SMZ 133 H 400 X/5A R I A ET
Instrument Model
   SMZ 133 = Power analyser with internal memory
Auxiliary Power Supply
   H = 75 V \div 500 VAC, 90 V \div 600 VDC
   S = 10 V \div 26 VAC, 10 V \div 36 VDC
   L = 20 \text{ V} \div 50 \text{ VAC}, 20 \text{ V} \div 75 \text{ VDC}
Nominal Measuring Voltage
   400 = 400V/690V
   230 = 230V/400V
   100 = 57,7 \text{V}/100 \text{V}
Current Inputs
   X/5A = 5A AC and 1A AC (standard indirect measurement)
   X/100mA = 100mA AC (indirect measurement)
Digital I/O 1
   R = 4× relay output + 1× logical input 100 ÷ 230VAC
Digital I/O 2
   I = 4 \times pulse output + 4 \times logical input 24V
Analog I/O
   N = No \text{ analog } I/O
   A = 2\times analog output 0/4 \div 20mA + 2\times analog input 0/4 \div 20mA + 12VDC aux. supply
Communication Interface and External Thermometer Input
   N = USB, without remote communication and thermometer input
   4T = USB, RS-485, input for Pt100 thermometer
   ET = USB, Ethernet 10BaseT, input for Pt100 thermometer
   44 = USB, RS-485, RS-485
   E4 = USB, Ethernet 10BaseT, RS-485
```

Optional firmware modules

PQ S module

Module for evaluation of power quality according to EN 50160 (class S). Enables measurement and recording of flicker indices, interharmonics and voltage events. Power quality is evaluated weekly and stored to special PQ Main archive for future processing.



GO module

Module for detection and precise recording of various waveform distortions. This module records the so called oscillograms of voltages and currents in extended detail, capacity and trigger options into the flash memory.



RCS module

The RCS module (ripple control signal or mains voltage) activates an ability to detect, evaluate, decode and store RCS messages transmitted over the distribution network. It precisely measures voltage on the selected frequency and stores the extracted information.



MM Module

The Modbus Master module enhances instruments data logging abilities. By using this module you can configure the instrument to read and store any Modbus registers from any instruments of any manufacturer connected to it's RS-485 line.

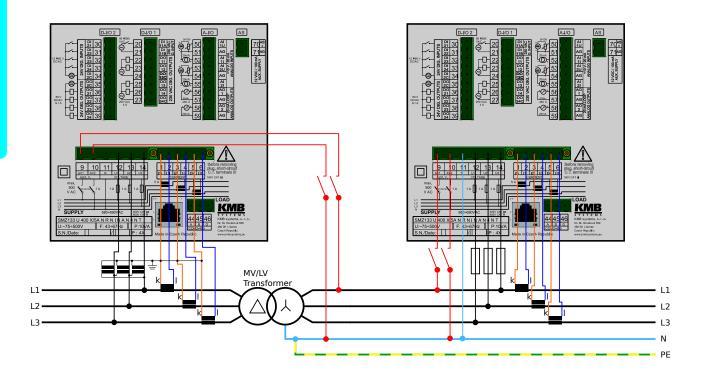


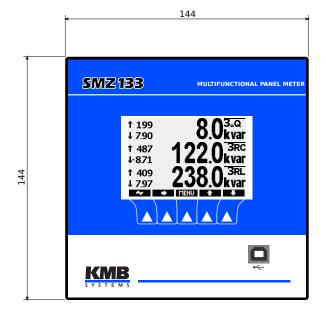
ES Module

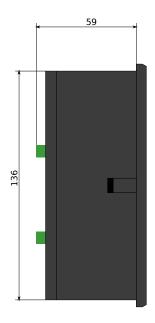
The Ethernet to Serial module makes gateway between Ethernet and serial line (RS-485). By using this module you can access your RS-485 instruments over Ethernet.











SMC 118

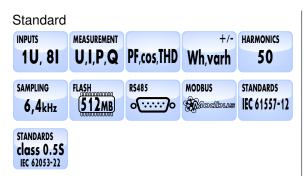
Analyser and Data Logger for Energy Management Systems

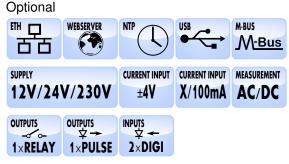
SMC 118 is designed for remote or standalone supervision of single phase loads and sources such as offices, households but also DC converters and chargers, photovoltaic systems etc. It supports measurement of 1 voltage and up to 8 AC or DC (X/4V) currents/powers. It is developed with fast and simple installation on din rail in mind. With split core current sensors the installation can be performed without necessary system decommissioning. Broad range of communication interfaces and protocols allows simple integration into the supervisor systems. Display less design minimizes the attention in places with general public access.

In complex energy management and automation systems the instrument can be well accompanied by other components like SMC 144 and PA 144.



- 1 voltage and up to 8 current inputs (8×1 line)
- AC and/or DC measurement of current and voltage
- fully programmable digital output (relay or impulse)
- standard embedded RS-485 interface, optionally Ethernet, USB
- · optional second BUS for external modules or 2 additional digital inputs
- features can be upgraded via external I/O modules (with ModBus Master fw. module)





Technical specification

	Voltage (ULN)	U [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Current (I)	11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7, P8 (import, export, total, 1st harm.) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q8, (import, export, total, 1st harm.) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, S8 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	Harm. Distortion Power (D)	D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6, D7, D8 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
ڻ ن	Power Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1 ÷ PF8, cosφ1 ÷ cosφ8 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
Ž	Symmetrical Components	-
METERING	Unbalance Factor	-
E	Voltage THD (THDU)	THDU
Σ	Current THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3, THDI4, THDI5, THDI6, THDI7, THDI8
	Individual Harmonics	Harmonics 1 st to 50 th of Voltage and Current and their angles
	Fundament. Harmonic (Ufh, Ifh)	Ufh, I1fh, I2fh, I3fh, I4fh, I5fh, I6fh, I7fh, I8fh
	Frequency (f)	f
	Active Energy	Import (E1, E2, E3, E4, E5, E6, E7, E8, ΣΕ), Export (E1, E2, E3, E4, E5, E6, E7, E8, ΣΕ), Total Import (Tariff 1, Tariff 2, Tariff 3), Total Export (Tariff 1, Tariff 2, Tariff 3)
	Reactive Energy	Ind. (E1, E2, E3, E4, E5, E6, E7, E8, ΣΕ), Cap. (E1, E2, E3, E4, E5, E6, E7, E8, ΣΕ), Total Inductive (Tariff1, Tariff2, Tariff3), Total Capacitive (Tariff1, Tariff2, Tariff3)
ō		min., max., avg. values of ULN, ULL, I, P, Q, S, D, THDU, THDI, f
5	Main Archive	Avg. values of individual harmonics and their angles, Ufh, Ifh,
DATALOGGING	Electricity Meter Readings	Symmetrical components, Unbalance factors, state of I/Os Active and reactive imp. and exp. energy
₹	Voltage Event logging	Active and reactive imp. and exp. energy
ΙÆ	Waveforms recording	optional firmware module GO
	Alarms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f
3 S	Inputs/Outputs	Optionally: 2 digital inputs, 1 relay or 2 digital output
<u> </u>	Memory Size	512MB
OTHERS	RTC	seconds, minutes, hours, days, months, years
0	Communication	RS485, Ethernet, USB, M-Bus

POWER		aux. voltage	U : $75 \div 510 V_{AC} / 80 \div 350 V_{DC}$
			S : 10 ÷ 26 V _{AC} / 10 ÷ 36 V _{DC}
3			L: $20 \div 50 V_{AC} / 20 \div 75 V_{DC}$
) L	power	14 VA / 6 W
		measurement cat.	CAT III / 300 V
	VOLTAGE	measuring range	230 : 8 ÷ 360 V _{AC/DC}
		input impedance	3,24 MΩ (L _i ↔N)
		connection	wye, delta, aron
U		permanent overload	1500 V _{RMS}
INPUT		surge overload	2300 V _{RMS} for 1s
	CURRENT	measuring range	$0.02 \div 1.2 \times I_{NOM}$
		permanent overload	2 × I _{NOM}
		surge overload	10 × I _{NOM} for 1s

0/I	D	voltage levels	$U_L < 3 \text{ V}, U_H > 10 \text{ V}, U_{MAX} = 30 \text{ V}$
		input current	3 mA @ 12V / 8 mA @ 24V
		ssr. ratings	60 V _{AC} / 100 V _{DC} , 300 mA
	œ	relay ratings	230 V _{AC} / 30 V _{DC} , 3 A
OTHER	TEMP	operating	-25 ÷ 60°C, <95% non-condens.
	핕	storage	-40 ÷ 85°C, <95% non-condens.
	EMC	emission	EN 61000 – 4 – 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11
		immunity	EN 55011, EN 55022 - class A
		protection rating	IP 20
		dimensions	105W × 90H × 58D mm / 0,2 kg

COMMUNICATION	RS-485 (standard), galvanically isolated KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols		
	RS-485 (secondary, B), galvanically isolated KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols		
	Ethernet (opt. E) KMBlong, MODBUS TCP, 100 Mbit/s		
	USB 2.0 (opt. U) KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols		
	Wi-Fi (opt. W) KMBlong, MODBUS		
	M-Bus (opt. M)		

	voltage	0.1
ACCURACY (IEC 61557-12)	current	0.2
	active power	1
	reactive power	2
	apparent power	1
EC	PF, cosφ	0.5
)	frequency	0.05
AC	active energy	1
UR	reactive energy	2
SC	harm. and THD	2
A	unbalance	0.5
	flicker	5

```
SMC 118 U X/4V R N
Instrument model
   SMC = Power analyser and datalogger, RS-485
   PA = Power meter and sensor, RS-485
Measuring inputs
   112 = 1 voltage + 2 current inputs
   114 = 1 voltage + 4 current inputs
   118 = 1 voltage + 8 current inputs
Auxiliary power supply
   U = 75 V \div 275 VAC, 75 V \div 350 VDC
   S = 10 V \div 26 VAC, 10 V \div 36 VDC
   L = 20 \text{ V} \div 50 \text{ VAC}, 20 \text{ V} \div 75 \text{ VDC}
Current inputs
   X/100mA = 100mA AC (indirect measurement)
   X/4V = input for sensors with \pm 4V output (AC and DC currents)
           = with low current output CTs, split-core
   Snnn
           = with low current output CTs, through-hole
   Pnnn
Optional digital output
   N = without output
   R = relay output
   I = pulse output
Optional peripheral
   N = without optional peripheral
   B = bus for connection of external modules
   D = two digital inputs
Optional expanding module
   N = without expanding module
   U = USB
   E = Ethernet interface (not combinable with option M)
   W = USB, WiFi
```

Optional firmware modules

GO module

Module for detection and precise recording of various waveform distortions. This module records the so called oscillograms of voltages and currents in extended detail, capacity and trigger options into the flash memory.



MM Module

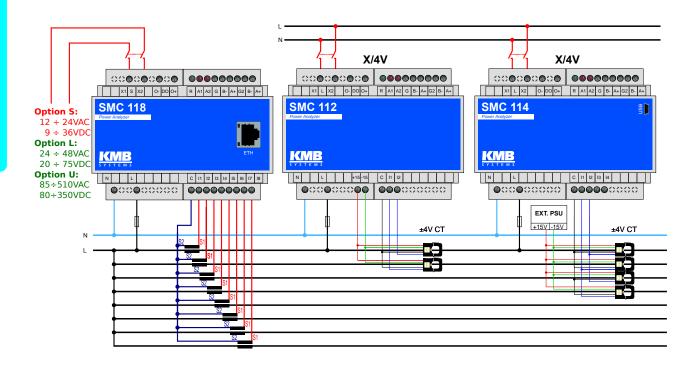
The Modbus Master module enhances instruments data logging abilities. By using this module you can configure the instrument to read and store any Modbus registers from any instruments of any manufacturer connected to it's RS-485 line.

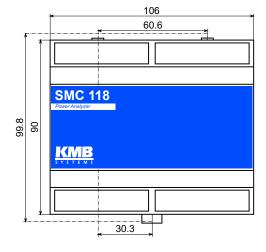


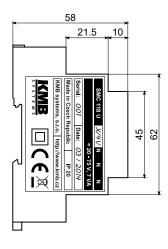
ES Module

The Ethernet to Serial module makes gateway between Ethernet and serial line (RS-485). By using this module you can access your RS-485 instruments over Ethernet.









Display

Option for DIN rail analysers

All models of our new generation of DIN-rail analysers can be optionally equipped with display. Nearly 2" color LCD display with high resolution provides all typical screens. It can show live values such as voltages, currents or powers, it can display waveforms of voltage and current and its phasor diagram. Displaying of active and reactive energy counter is matter of course. Display is accompanied by two buttons for basic configuration and switching of the screens, but screen autoscroll is also option, where screen changes automatically in loop. Supported devices include ARTIQ 144, SMC 133, PA and SMC 144 and also PA and SMC 118.



- · local overview of measured values
- · basic local configuration of the instrument
- · overview of configured parameters
- · faster debugging of connection problems







Ordering options

ARTIQ 144D U X/100mA E

Instrument model
 ARTIQ = Class A instrument series, 4U, 4I, 2DO, 2DI, RS-485, LCD

Auxiliary power supply
 U = 75 V ÷ 275 VAC, 75 V ÷ 350 VDC
 S = 10 V ÷ 26 VAC, 10 V ÷ 36 VDC
 L = 20 V ÷ 50 VAC, 20 V ÷ 75 VDC

Current inputs

SMC 133D S 230 X/100mA E

Instrument Model

SMC 133 = Power analyser and datalogger, RS485, LCD

Auxiliary Power Supply

S = 10 V ÷ 36 VDC

L = 20 V ÷ 75 VDC

Nominal Measuring Voltage

230 = 230V/400V

Instrument model
PA = power sensor & network monitor, LCD
SMC = network analyser & datalogger, LCD

Measuring inputs
144 = 4 voltage + 4 current inputs

Auxiliary power supply
U = 75 V ÷ 510 VAC, 80 V ÷ 350 VDC

Instrument model
SMC = Power analyser and datalogger, RS-485, LCD
PA = Power meter and sensor, RS-485, LCD
Measuring inputs
112 = 1 voltage + 2 current inputs
114 = 1 voltage + 4 current inputs
118 = 1 voltage + 8 current inputs

SMK 133

Multifunctional 3-phase Panel Meter

This instrument is simple 3-phase multimeter designed to measure and monitor line/phase voltages, currents, powers, energies, power factors, harmonics in single-phase and three-phase LV, MV and HV power systems. Measurement of temperatures within a control panel is also supported with an built-in temperature sensor. Optional communication interface allows it to be simply configured and managed via remote PC.

Typical applications: analog instrument replacement, online monitoring



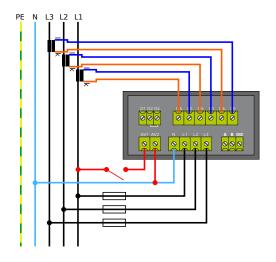
Key features:

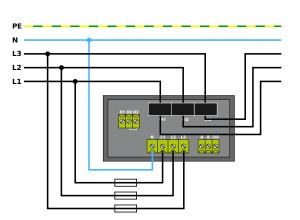
- · basic measuring instruments for actual data
- 1-, 2-, 3-phase or Aron connection
- supports direct & indirect voltage connection
- · optional RS 485 communication





Typical connection schema





Technical specification

Voltage (ULN, ULL)	U1, U2, U3, UN, U12, U23, U31 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]			
Current (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]			
Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, 3P (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]			
Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, 3Q (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]			
Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]			
Power Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1, PF2, PF3, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]			
Apparent Power (S) S1, S2, S3, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}] Power Factor (PF), cosφ PF1, PF2, PF3, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}] Unbalance Factor unbl, unbU, φnsl Voltage, Current THD (THDU,I) THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDI1, THDI2, THDI3				
Voltage, Current THD (THDU,I)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDI1, THDI2, THDI3			
Individual Harmonics	Harmonics 1 st to 50 th of Voltage and Current and their angles			
Frequency (f)	f			
Active Energy	Import (Ε1, Ε2, Ε3, ΣΕ), Export (Ε1, Ε2, Ε3, ΣΕ)			
Reactive Energy	Inductive (E1, E2, E3, ΣΕ), Capacitive (E1, E2, E3, ΣΕ)			
Alarms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f			
Inputs/Outputs	Optionally: 1 relay output or 1 digital output			
Communication	RS485			
	Current (I) Power (P) Reactive Power (Q) Apparent Power (S) Power Factor (PF), cos Unbalance Factor Voltage, Current THD (THDU,I) Individual Harmonics Frequency (f) Active Energy Reactive Energy Alarms Inputs/Outputs			

SMK 133 N 230 X/5A R 4

Instrument Model

SMK = 3 phase multimeter, 96mm×48mm

Measuring Inputs

133 = three-phase multimeter

Power Supply

N =supply from 1. phase

 $U = 85 V \div 275 VAC, 80 V \div 350 VDC$

 $S = 10 V \div 36 VAC, 10 V \div 36 VDC$

Nominal Measuring Voltage

230 = 230V/400V

100 = 57,7V/100V

400 = 400V/690V

Current Inputs

X/5A = 5A AC (standard indirect measurement with 5A CT)

X/1A = 1A AC (standard indirect measurement with 1A CT)

 $\rm X/100mA = 100mA \ AC \ (indirect measurement with 100mA \ CT)$

H2OA = direct measurement up to 2OA, through-hole connection

Digital Output

N = without output

 $R = 1 \times relay output$

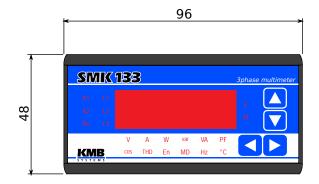
 $I = 1 \times pulse output$

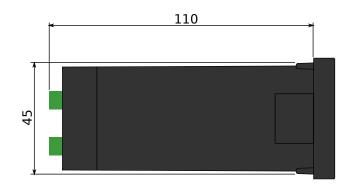
Remote Communication Interface

N = no remote comm. link

4 = RS - 485

Mechanical dimensions





SML and **SMM**

Multifunctional Panel Meters

These instruments are simple 3-phase multimeters which are designed to measure and monitor line/phase voltages, currents, active and reactive power, power factors, THD and frequency in three-phase LV, MV, HV power systems. Optional communication interface allows it to be simply configured and managed via ENVIS from a remote PC.

Typical applications: analog instrument replacement, remote online monitoring, industrial automation

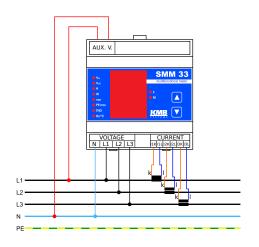


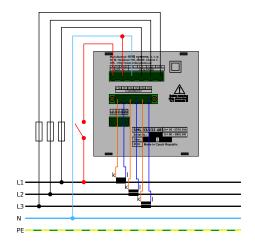
Key features:

- · basic measuring instruments for actual data
- 1-, 2-, 3-phase or Aron connection
- · supports direct & indirect voltage connection
- · optional RS 485 communication



Typical connection schema

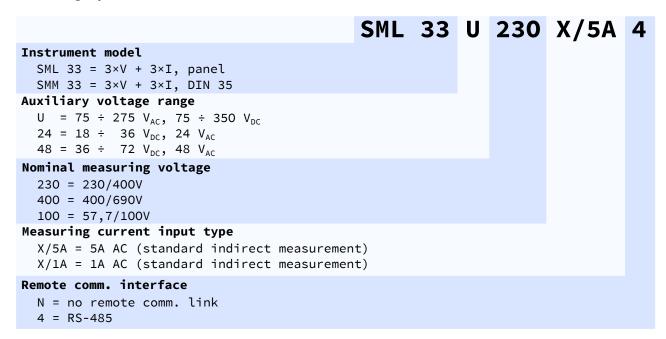




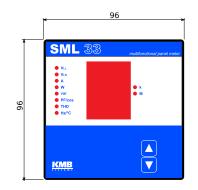
Technical specification

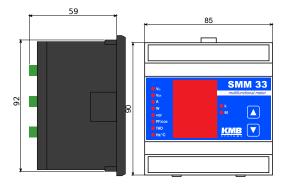
	Phase Voltage (ULN)	U1, U2, U3
	Line Voltage (ULL)	U12, U23, U31
	Current (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3
	Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, 3P
(D	Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, 3Q
Ž	Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, 3S
<u>~</u>	Power Factor (PF)	PF1, PF2, PF3, 3PF
끹	cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3	
믵	Voltage THD (THDU)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDU12, THDU23, THDU31
_	Current THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3
	Individual Harmonics	No
	Frequency (f)	f
	Active Energy	No
	Reactive Energy	No
K	Inputs/Outputs	No
Ë	RTC	No
0	Communication	RS485

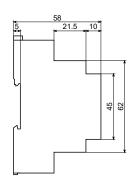
Ordering options



Mechanical dimensions







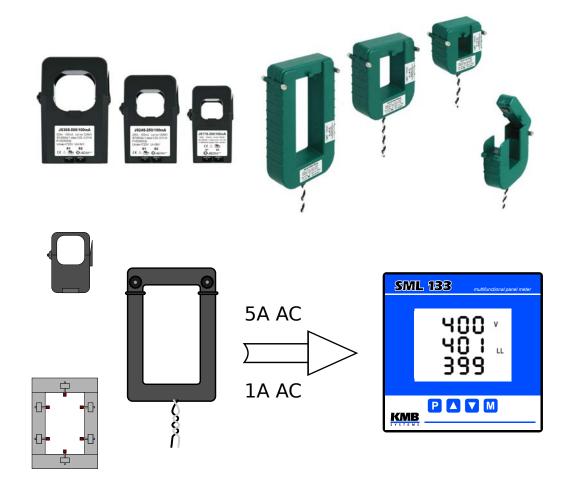
Built-in instruments accessories

Option X/5A

Instruments with this option features standard 5A AC current input for normal current transformers. Current transformers with 5A or 1A AC nominall secondary current can be used.

Supported instruments: SMC 133, SMY 133, SML 133, SMZ 133, SMK 133

Split-Core Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Dimmension [mm]	Overvoltage Category
JS17S- Inom/5A	150	17	Terminal	64×33×34	600V CAT III
JS24S – Inom/5A	100, 150, 200 250,300,400 24 Terminal 75×45×34		75×45×34	600V CAT III	
JS36S – Inom/5A	200, 250, 300 400, 500, 600	36	Terminal	75×45×34	600V CAT III
JSC-01 – Inom/5A	100, 150, 200 250, 300, 400	38×32	Wire	93×92×39	600V CAT III
JSC-02 – Inom/5A	400, 500, 600 750, 800, 1000	73×62	Wire	128×124×39	600V CAT III
JSC-03 - Inom/5A	800, 1000, 1200 1250, 1500, 1600, 2000, 2400	141×62	Wire	196×124×39	600V CAT III

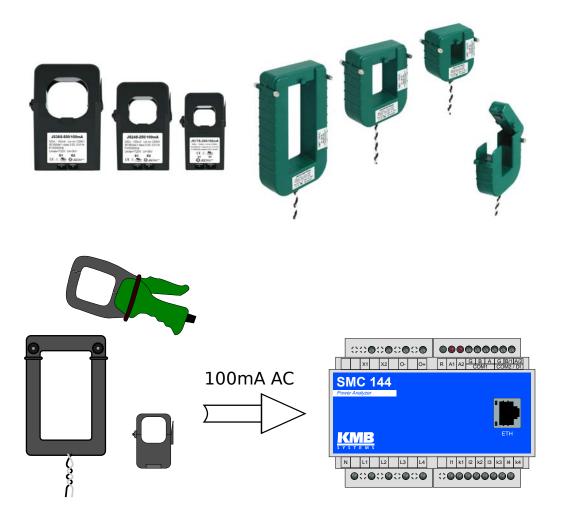


Option X/100mA

Instruments with this option features 100mA AC current input for special current transformers. This option provides higher survivability during over-current compared to standard 5A AC inputs.

Supported instruments: SMC 133, SMC 144, PA 144, SMY 133, SML 133, ARTIQ

Split-Core Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Dimmension [mm]	Overvoltage Category
JS17F – Inom/100mA	050, 100 125, 150	17	Terminal	64×33×34	600V CAT III
JS17S - Inom/100mA	200	17	Terminal	64×33×34	600V CAT III
JS24F – Inom/100mA	200	24	24 Terminal 75×45×34		600V CAT III
JS24S - Inom/100mA	250, 300	24	Terminal	75×45×34	600V CAT III
JS36S – Inom/100mA	300, 400 500, 600	36	Terminal	91×57×40	600V CAT III
JSC-01 - Inom/100mA	250, 400	38×32	Wire	93×92×39	600V CAT III
JSC-02 – Inom/100mA	400, 600, 800 1000, 1200	73×62 Wire 128×124×39		128×124×39	600V CAT III
JSC-03 – Inom/100mA	800, 1000, 1200 1600, 2000, 2400	141×62	Wire	196×124×39	600V CAT III



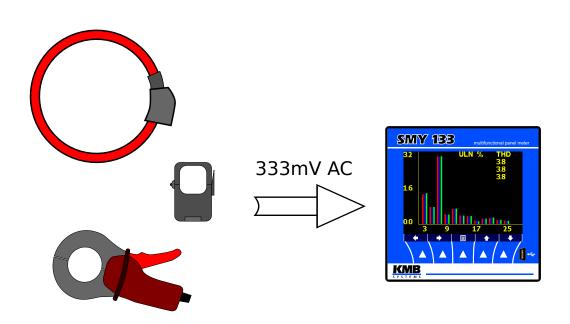
Option X/333mV

Instruments with this option features 333mV AC input for measuring current using special current transformers. This special input supports various flexible rogowski coil current transformers as well as other kind of transformers with 333mV AC output such as split-core CTs or clamps.

Supported instruments: SMY 133, SML 133

Rogowski Coil Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Aux. Supply	Overvoltage Category
JRF MOI 333M-40 Inom	100, 150, 200, 250		Wire	5VDC	600V CAT IV
JRF MOI 333M-80 Inom	300, 400, 500, 600 800, 1000, 1200	80	Wire	15mA max	600V CAT IV
JRF MOI 333M-115 Inom	1500, 2000, 2400	115	Wire		600V CAT IV

Split-Core Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Dimmension [mm]	Overvoltage Category
JS17F – Inom/333mV	050, 100 125, 150	17	Terminal	64×33×34	600V CAT III
JS17S - Inom/333mV	200	17	Terminal	64×33×34	600V CAT III
JS24F – Inom/333mV	Inom/333mV 200 24		Terminal	75×45×34	600V CAT III
JS24S – Inom/333mV	250, 300	24	Terminal	75×45×34	600V CAT III
JS36S – Inom/333mV	300, 400 500, 600	36	Terminal	91×57×40	600V CAT III
JSC-01 - Inom/333mV	250, 400	38×32	Wire	93×92×39	600V CAT III
JSC-02 – Inom/333mV	400, 600, 800 1000, 1200	73×62	Wire	128×124×39	600V CAT III
JSC-03 – Inom/333mV	800, 1000, 1200 1600, 2000, 2400	141×62	Wire	196×124×39	600V CAT III

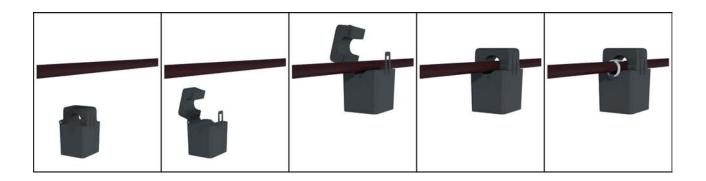


Option Sxxx

Instrument with this option is delivered with 3/4 (depends on current inputs) split-core current transformers. Instrument is calibrated to current range specified in order. Provides robust solution for tougher environments. Because of split-core construction, instrument can be easily retrofitted into most of existing installations.

Supported instruments: SMC 144, PA 144, ARTIQ

Option	Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Dimmension [mm]
S005	JC10F	5A	10mm	Terminal	50×23×26
S015	JC10F	15A	10mm	Terminal	50×23×26
S025	JC10F	25A	10mm	Terminal	50×23×26
S035	JC10F	35A	10mm	Terminal	50×23×26
S050	JC10F	50A	10mm	Terminal	50×23×26
S075	JC16F	75A	16mm	Terminal	55×30×31
S100	JC16F	100A	16mm	Terminal	55×30×31
S150	JC24F	150A	24mm	Terminal	75×45×34
S200	JC24F	200A	24mm	Terminal	75×45×34
S250	JC24F	250A	24mm	Terminal	75×45×34
S300	JC36S-3	300A	36mm	Terminal	91×57×41
S400	JC36S-3	400A	36mm	Terminal	91×57×41
S500	JC36S-3	500A	36mm	Terminal	91×57×41
S600	JC36S-3	600A	36mm	Terminal	91×57×41



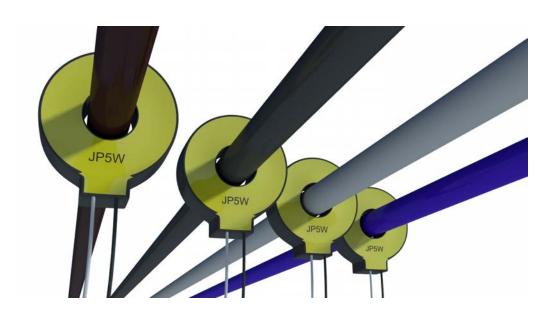


Option Pxxx

Instrument with this option is delivered with 3/4 (depends on current inputs) through-hole current transformers. Instrument is calibrated to current range specified in order. Provides very good accuracy and is aimed for less demanding environments. Option P005 is specially fine-tuned for measuring on secondary side of X/5A current transformers.

Supported instruments: SMC 144, PA 144, ARTIQ

Option	Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Dimmension [mm]
P005	JP3W	5A	7	Wire	27×24×11
P015	JP3W	15A	7	Wire	27×24×11
P025	JP5W	25A	13	Wire	41×37×14
P035	JP5W	35A	13	Wire	41×37×14
P050	JP5W	50A	13	Wire	41×37×14
P075	JP5W	75A	13	Wire	41×37×14
P100	JP5W	100A	13	Wire	41×37×14
P150	JP5W	150A	13	Wire	41×37×14
P200	JP6W	200A	19	Wire	51×49×20
P250	JP6W	250A	19	Wire	51×49×20
P300	JP6W	300A	19	Wire	51×49×20



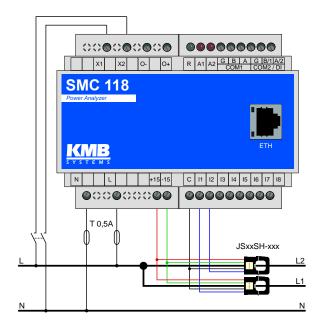
Option X/4V

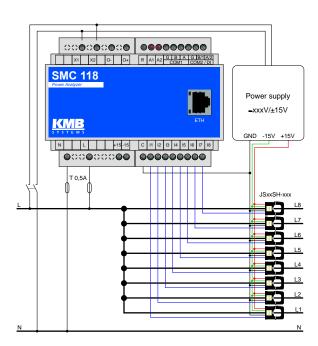
Instruments with this option features $\pm 4V$ input for measuring mainly DC currents. This special input supports any kind of sensors with this output, which is mostly Hall sensors.

Supported instruments: SMC 112, SMC 114, SMC 118

Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Dimmension [mm]	Construction
JS10NH - Inom	5,10,15,20,25,50	10	Wire	41×24×27	Split-core
JS16NH – Inom	75,100	16	Wire	45×30×32	Split-core
JS24NH – Inom	150, 200	24	Wire	65×45×34	Split-core
JS24SH – Inom	250, 300	24	Wire	65×45×34	Split-core
JS36SH – Inom	400, 500	36	Wire	83×57×40	Split-core

Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Dimmension [mm]	Construction
JHAO – InomCA	50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600	22	MOLEX 5045-04AG 70×40×20		Through-Hole
JHAO – InomCB	50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600	30	MOLEX 5045-04AG	78x48x20	
JHAO – InomGA	50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600	20	MOLEX 5045-04AG	40×30×30	Through-Hole



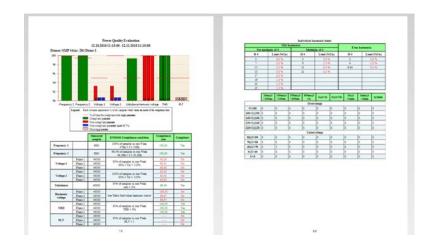


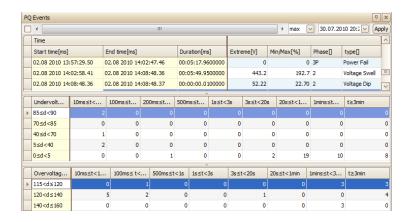
Optional Firmware Modules



PQ S, PQ A Module (Power Quality Class S, Power Quality Class A)

Module for evaluation of power quality according to EN 50160. Enables measurement and recording of flicker indices, interharmonics and voltage events. Power quality is evaluated weekly and stored to special PQ Main archive for future processing. Separate archive for logging of voltage event (sag, swell, dip) parameters is created. Instruments with this module installed becomes class S, respectively class A power quality analysers according to IEC 61000-40-30.





Supported Instruments

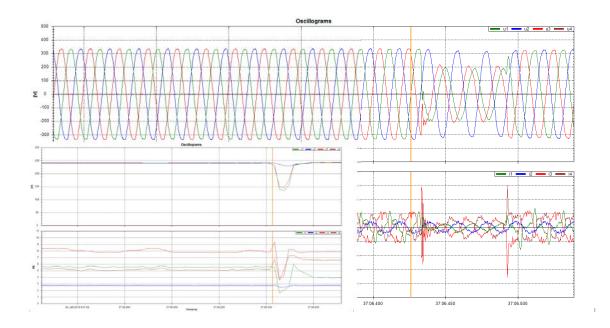
PQ S: SMC 133, SMC 144, SMY 133, SMZ 133

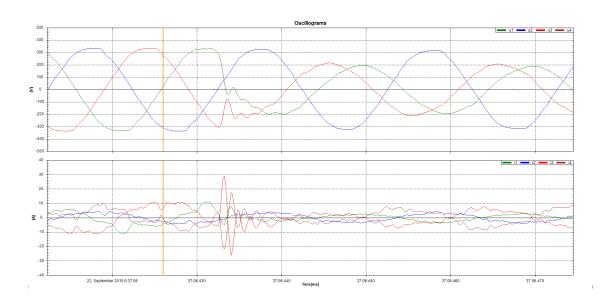
PQ A: ARTIQ 144



GO Module (General Oscillograms)

Module for detection and precise recording of various waveform distortions. This module records the so called oscillograms (raw samples) of voltages and currents in extended detail, capacity and trigger options into the flash memory. Stored data can be processed in ENVIS or exported to .xls or .csv files for processing in any 3rd party app. ENVIS not only allow to calculate RMS value of voltage and current but also harmonics, THDs and some other. Aggregation of calculated data can be configured from as low as 1 period.





Supported Instruments

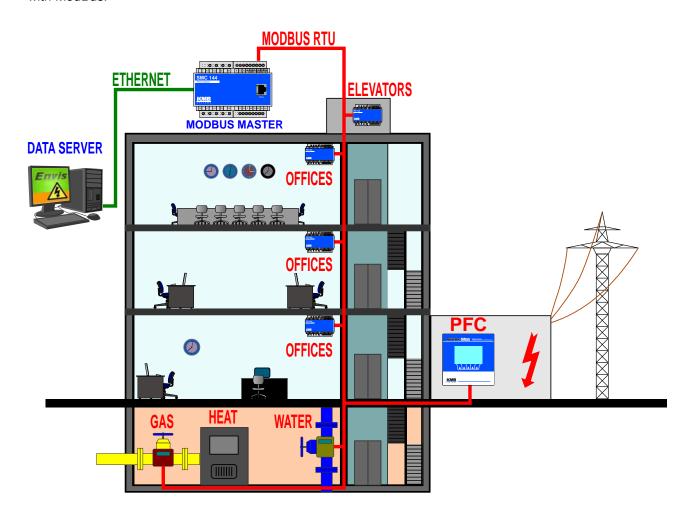
ARTIQ 144, SMC 133, SMC 144, SMY 133, SMZ 133, NEMO 104, NEMO 332, SMY-CA





MM Module (ModBus Master)

ModBus Master module enhances instruments data logging abilities. By using this module you can configure the instrument to read any ModBus registers from any instruments of any manufacturer connected to it's RS-485 line. Downloaded values are stored into it's memory including a timestamp. ModBus archive created from stored values can then be downloaded into file or SQL database using ENVIS.Daq or ENVIS.Online. ENVIS allows than to do the evaluation, create graphs, tables etc. from these values. Collected values are not limited to electrical only. It's also possible to collect data from water-meters, gas-meters, HVAC and any other devices with ModBus.



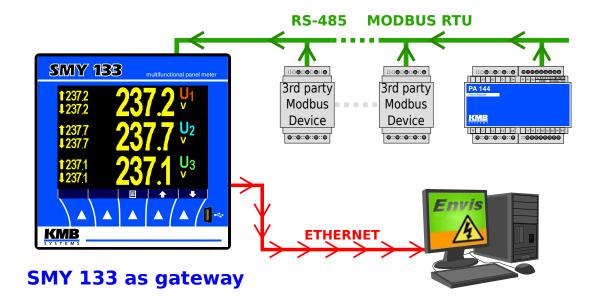
Supported Instruments

ARTIQ 144, SMC 133, SMC 144, SMZ 133



ES Module (Ethernet to Serial)

Ethernet to Serial module enables gateway functionality of the instrument. By using this module you can connect any RS-485 instrument to Ethernet. Instrument simply transmits all incoming data from Ethernet to RS-485 and all replies are transmitted back. Data from RS-485 devices can be acquired using ENVIS application or any Modbus enabled SCADA system. When Modbus protocol is used, instrument can convert optionally Modbus TCP to Modbus RTU.



Supported Instruments

ARTIQ 144, SMC 133, SMC 144, SMY 133, SMZ 133



Portable Analysers



Comparison table of portable instruments								
	Memory [MB]	Memory [MB] Meter Communication IEC 61000-4-30 EN 50160		Mesurement	Dimensions			
NEMO 332	512	✓	USB, WiFi, RS-485	S	✓	4×U, 32×I	250 x 210 x 70 mm	
NEMO 104	512	✓	USB, WiFi	S	✓	4×U, 4×I (24×I ^a)	138 x 53 x 78 mm	
NEMO 101	512	✓	USB, WiFi	S	✓	2×U, 2×I	138 x 53 x 78 mm	
SMY-CA	512	✓	USB, Ethernet	S	✓	3×U, 3×I	210 x 166 x 90 mm	

^awith SPQ-IMPX6 multiplexer.

NEMO products represent main line of portable power quality analysers and network monitors for unattended measuring and recording campaigns of energy consumption. Voltage, current, power factor, frequency, flicker, harmonics and interharmonics and other parameters of the distribution network or local installation are recorded and analysed. SMY-CA and NEMO instruments can also record disturbances, spot and record voltage events and analyse the overall power quality in the point of measurement. Large internal memory and flexible record option configuration allows users to perform long measurements in field.

			8	1 7
	Or and		9	00000
	SMY CA	NEMO 101	NEMO 104	NEMO 332
Measuring Range	173 ÷ 476V _{LL} 100 ÷ 275V _{LN}	3 ÷ 480V _{LN}	5 ÷ 1380V _{LL} 3 ÷ 800V _{LN}	5 ÷ 1380V _{LL} 3 ÷ 800V _{LN}
Auxiliary voltage	same as measuring	85 ÷ 480V _{AC}	85 ÷ 480V _{AC} 100 ÷ 600V _{DC}	85 ÷ 480V _{AC} 100 ÷ 600V _{DC}
Measurement cat.	CAT III/ 300V	CAT III/ 300V	CAT IV/ 600V	CAT IV/ 600V
Measurement	3U, 3I	1U, 1I	4U, 4I	4U, 32I
Current Inputs	X/333mV	SPQ-I	SPQ-I	SPQ-I
Quadrants	4	4	4	4
Sampling rate	6,4kHz	6,4kHz	6,4kHz	6,4kHz
Aggregation	200ms	200ms	200ms	200ms
Continuous meas.	•	•	•	•
Harmonics V/A	1 - 50	1 - 63	1 - 63	1 - 63
Interharmonics	•	•	•	•
THD-U [%]	•	•	•	•
THD-I [%]	•	•	•	•
Unbalance	•	•	•	•
Flicker (Pst, Plt)	•	•	•	•
Waveforms	•	•	•	•
Voltage Events	•	•	•	•
Accuracy V	class 0.2	±0.1%rdg±0.1V	±0.1%rdg±0.1V	±0.1%rdg±0.1V
Accuracy A	class 0.2	±0.3%rdg±0.06%rg	±0.3%rdg±0.06%rg	±0.3%rdg±0.06%rg
Active energy	0.5S	0.5S	0.5S	0.5S
Reactive energy	2	2	2	2
Digital I/O	-	-	-	2/-
Relay outputs	-	-	-	_
Analogue I/O				1/-
Temp. input	-	-	-	1
	-			_
Internal temp.	•	•	•	•
Min/max memory	640 MD	• 540 MD	6 540 MD	6 540 MD
Memory size	512 MB	512 MB	512 MB	512 MB
Clock	ENIVIO	EN1/40	ENI//IC	ENIVIO
Software	ENVIS	ENVIS	ENVIS	ENVIS
EN 50160	•	•	•	•
IEC 61000-4-30	class S	class S	class S	class S
Interfaces				
RS 232	-	-	-	-
RS 485	-	-	-	0
Ethernet	•	-	-	-
USB	•	•	•	•
Web server	•	-	-	-
Wifi	-	0	0	0
Protocols				
Modbus RTU	-	-	-	0
KMB	•	•	•	•
ModBus TCP	•	-	-	-
Construction				
Display	colour LCD	-	-	-
Dimension	220×190×110	138×73×58	138×73×58	250x210x70

^{•, 2 -} Standard •, 2 - Optional



SMY-CA

Robust Waterproof Compact Analyser



Analyser of electric network parameters SMY-CA is a measuring and data logging instrument for single- and three phase low voltage (up to 230/400V) distribution networks in substations, switchgear boxes, cubicles or directly at the consumers premises such as smart buildings, hospitals, industrial infrastructures etc.

Core of the instrument is a modified SMY 133 analyser. Its features and functions closely corresponds to IP65 mini case version -CA.

With PQS firmware module instrument becomes a fully featured power quality analysers with support for flicker indices (Pst, Plt), record of voltage events and weekly power quality evaluations according to EN 50160.



Technical specification

_			
		Voltage (ULN, ULL)	U1, U2, U3, U12, U23, U31 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
		Current (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
		Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, 3P (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
		Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, 3Q (import, export, total, 1 st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
		Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
		Harm. Distortion Power (D)	D1, D2, D3 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	METERING	Power Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1, PF2, PF3, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]
	~	Symmetrical Components	zero, negative and positive sequence components of voltage and current
	H	Unbalance Factor	unbl, unbU, φnsl
L S		Voltage THD (THDU)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDU12, THDU23, THDU31
		Current THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3
		Individual Harmonics	Harmonics 1 st to 50 th of Voltage and Current and their angles
		Fundament. Harmonic (Ufh, Ifh)	U1fh, U2fh, U3fh, I1fh, I2fh, I3fh
		Frequency (f)	f
		Active Energy	class 0.5S (62053-22), import/export, per phase, per tariff, total
		Reactive Energy	class 2 (62053-23), 4 quadrants, per phase, per tariff, total
	DATALOGGING	Main Archive	min., max., avg. values of ULN, ULL, I, P, Q, S, D, THDU, THDI, f, Avg. values of harmonics and their angles, Ufh, Ifh,Symmetrical components, Unb. factors, state of I/Os
	90	Electricity Meter Readings	Active and reactive imp. and exp. energy per phase (L1, L2, L3) and per tariff (T1, T2, T3)
	Z	Voltage Event logging	optional firmware module PQ S
	DA.	Waveforms recording	optional firmware module GO
	(0	Alarms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f
	2	Inputs/Outputs	-
	뿔	Memory Size	512MB
	OTHERS	RTC	seconds, minutes, hours, days, months, years
		Communication	USB, Ethernet

			aux. voltage	10 ÷ 275 V _{AC} / 90 ÷ 350 V _{DC}
	S	ER	power	8 VA / 3 W
			overvoltage cat.	CAT III / 300 V
		VOLTAGE	measuring range	173 ÷ 476 V _{LL} / 100 ÷ 275 V _{LN}
<u> </u>	INPUT		measurement category	CAT III / 300V
		CURRENT	measuring range	2 mV ÷ 500 mV

		TEMP	operating	-25 ÷ 60°C, <95% non-condens.
			storage	-40 ÷ 80°C, <95% non-condens.
	IER	EMC	emission	EN 61000 – 4 – 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11
	OTF		immunity	EN 55011, EN 55022 - class A
			protection rating	IP 65 (when top lid is closed)
			dimensions	96W × 96H × 58D mm / 0,3 kg

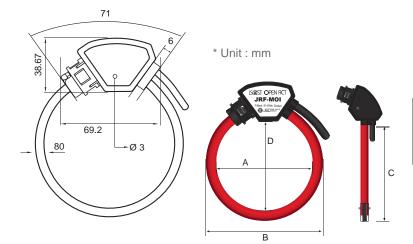
COMMUNICATION	Local USB 2.0 KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols Connector type Mini-B
COMMUN	Ethernet KMBlong, MODBUS TCP protocols

	voltage	0.2
12)	current	0.2
27-	active power	0.5
315	reactive power	1
ACCURACY (IEC 61557-12)	apparent power	0.5
	PF, cosφ	0.5
C	frequency	0.02
8	active energy	0.5
SC	reactive energy	2
A	harm. and THD	2
	unbalance	0.5

Current sensors

Instruments with this option features 333mV AC input for measuring current using special current transformers. This special input supports various flexible rogowski coil current transformers as well as other kind of transformers with 333mV AC output such as split-core CTs or clamps.

Rogowski Coil Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Aux. Supply	Overvoltage Category
JRF MOI 333M-40 Inom	100, 150, 200, 250 300, 400, 500, 600 800, 1000, 1200	_	Wire	5VDC 15mA max	600V CAT IV
JRF MOI 333M-80 Inom		80	Wire		600V CAT IV
JRF MOI 333M-115 Inom	1500, 2000, 2400	115	Wire		600V CAT IV



Model	Α	В	С	D
JRF MOI 333M-40	58	66	185	40
JRF MOI 333M-80	80	96	285	80
JRF MOI 333M-115	115	141	385	115

Optional firmware modules

PQ S module

Module for evaluation of power quality according to EN 50160 (class S). Enables measurement and recording of flicker indices, interharmonics and voltage events. Power quality is evaluated weekly and stored to special PQ Main archive for future processing.



GO module

Module for detection and precise recording of various waveform distortions. This module records the so called oscillograms of voltages and currents in extended detail, capacity and trigger options into the flash memory.



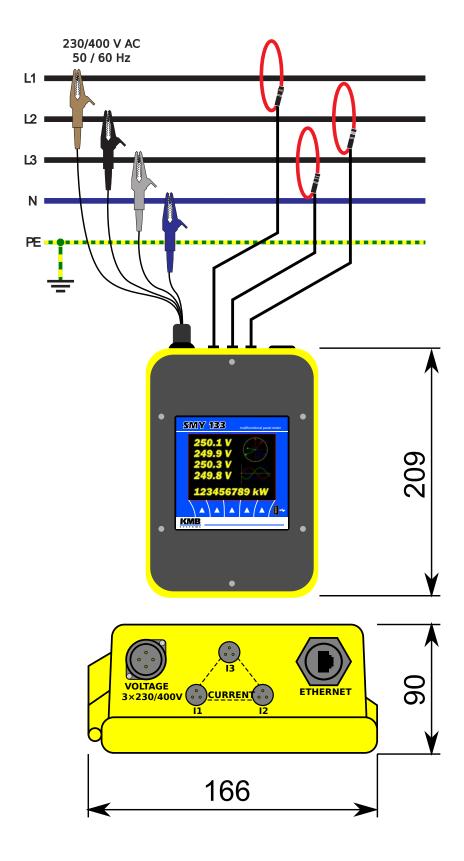
RCS module

The RCS module (ripple control signal or mains voltage) activates an ability to detect, evaluate, decode and store RCS messages transmitted over the distribution network. It precisely measures voltage on the selected frequency and stores the extracted information.





Typical connection schema



NEMO 332

Multi-channel Power Quality Analyser



NEMO 332 is a portable multifunctional power analyser with data logger functions. It is suitable for measurement in all types of power distribution networks (LV, HV measured via voltage transformer). Its large internal memory can store months of measured power parameters. Disturbance data such as transients, voltage events, ripple control signals and other variations, system log, electricity meter reading + load profiles and other interesting information is also recorded.

It can measure up to 8 different feeders (32 currents and powers, 4 common voltages) and thus it is suitable for monitoring campaigns where several separated loads should be measured concurrently. ENVIS application is used for analysis and report generation of the recorded data.

Typical use: power quality troubleshooting, load mon-

itoring, substation data logger, energy efficiency, portable analyser.

Key features:

- 4 voltage inputs, up to 8×4 current inputs to connect SPQ-I current probe (32 currents)
- class S power monitoring according to the international standard IEC 61000-4-30, ed. 2.
- power quality evaluation according to EN 50160
- power supply external voltage 100 \div 400 V_{AC} , through USB interface
- · built-in lithium accumulator to cover power outages
- · internal memory for archives with capacity of 512 MB
- USB interface and optional WiFi and RS-485 interface for remote communication



Technical specification

	Voltage (ULN, ULL)	U1, U2, U3, UN, U12, U23, U31 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]	
	Current (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3, ILN [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]	
	Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, PN, 3P (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]	
	Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, QN, 3Q (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]	
	Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, SN, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]	
	Harm. Distortion Power (D)	D1, D2, D3, DN [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]	
G	Power Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1, PF2, PF3, PFN, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, cosφN, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]	
Ž	Symmetrical Components	zero, negative and positive sequence components of voltage and current	
<u> </u>	Unbalance Factor	unbl, unbU, φnsl	
METERING	Voltage THD (THDU)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDUN	
Ĕ	Current THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3, THDIN	
	Individual Harmonics	Harmonics 1 st to 63 rd of Voltage and Current and their angles	
	Fundament. Harmonic (Ufh, Ifh)	U1fh, U2fh, U3fh, Unfh, I1fh, I2fh, I3fh, INfh	
	Frequency (f)	f	
	Active Energy	Import (E1, E2, E3, ΣE), Export (E1, E2, E3, ΣE), Total Import (Tariff 1, Tariff 2, Tariff 3), Total Export (Tariff 1, Tariff 2, Tariff 3)	
	Reactive Energy	Inductive (E1, E2, E3, ΣΕ), Capacitive (E1, E2, E3, ΣΕ), Total Inductive (Tariff1, Tariff2, Tariff3), Total Capacitive (Tariff1, Tariff2, Tariff3)	
		min., max., avg. values of ULN, ULL, I, P, Q, S, D, THDU, THDI, f,	
DATALOG.	Main Archive	Avg. values of individual harmonics and their angles, Ufh, Ifh, Symmetrical components, Unbalance factors, state of I/Os	
₹	Electricity Meter Readings	Active and reactive imp. and exp. energy per phase (L1, L2, L3) and per tariff (T1, T2, T3)	
PA	Voltage Event logging	Yes	
	Waveforms recording	Yes	
(0	Alarms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f	
OTHERS	Inputs/Outputs	Optionally: 2 digital inputs, input for thermometer, analog input	
뿐	Memory Size	512MB	
F	RTC	seconds, minutes, hours, days, months, years	
\cap			
0	Communication	USB, WiFi, RS-485	

0	_	aux. voltage	85 ÷ 480 V _{AC} / 80 ÷ 680 V _{DC}
DOWED		power	8 VA / 8 W
Q		meas. cat.	CAT IV / 600 V
		meas. range	5 ÷ 1380 V _{LL} / 3 ÷ 800 V _{LN}
	VOLTAGE	input imp.	15 MΩ (L _i ↔N)
5	LTOA	connection	wye, delta, aron
INPUT		overload	$800~V_{\text{RMS}},1200~V_{\text{RMS}}$ for 1s
	CURRENT	measuring range	up to 10kA, depends on probe
	CURF	overload	-

	24V input		$U_L < 3 \text{ V}, U_H > 10 \text{ V}, <0,4\text{VA}$ (Ri = 1,5 k Ω)
2	٧	Analog input	2 ÷ 22 mA, impedance 120 Ω
	L	Pt100 input	range -50 ÷ 150 °C
	MP	operating	-25 ÷ 60°C, <95% non-condens.
	TEMP	storage	-40 ÷ 85°C, <95% non-condens.
OTHER	JI C	emission	EN 61000 – 4 – 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11
Ė	EN	immunity	EN 55011, EN 55022 - class A
		protection rating	IP 40
		dimensions	250W × 210H × 65D mm / 1 kg

MOIT	2
MMUNICAT	\
CO	F

USB 2.0 (standard) KMBlong protocol Connector type Mini-B 2400 ÷ 921600 baud

WiFi (opt. **W, X**) KMBlong protocol IEEE 802.11 b,g

RS-485 (opt. **4**) KMBlong, MODBUS RTU protocols 2400 ÷ 921600 baud

	voltage	0.10%
	current	0.50%
	active power	1.00%
>	reactive power	2.00%
ACCURACY	apparent power	1.00%
L L	PF, cosφ	0.02
ပ္ပ	frequency	0.20%
Ā	active energy	1.00%
	reactive energy	2.00%
	harm. and THD	0.50%/1.00%
	unbalance	0.15%
	flicker	5%

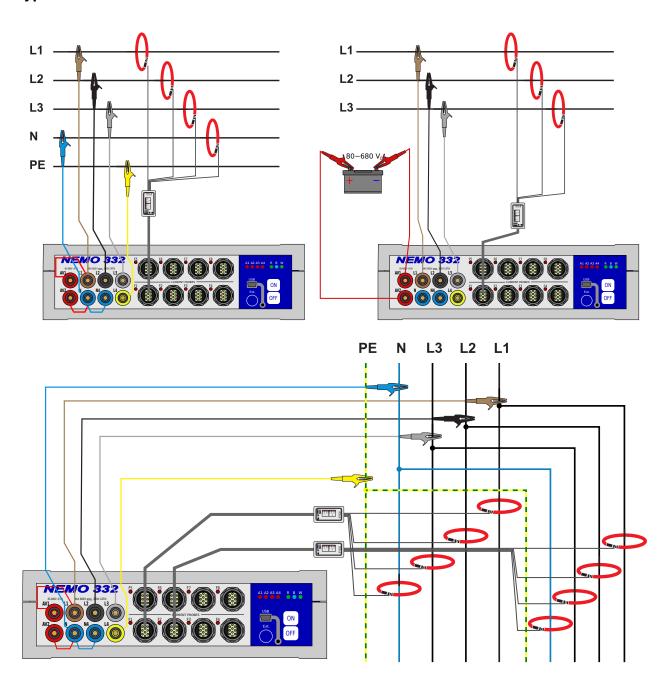
Ordering options

```
NEMO 332 - 1 A
Instrument Type
   NEMO 332 = Portable Network Monitor
Current Inputs
   1 = 1 input for SPQ-I current probe (up to 4 currents)
   2 = 2 inputs for SPQ-I current probes (up to 8 currents)
   4 = 4 inputs for SPQ-I current probes (up to 1 currents)
   8 = 8 inputs for SPQ-I current probes (up to 32 currents)
Analog Inputs
   N = Without inputs
   A = O(4) - 20 mA current loop input, 2 logical inputs
   T = Input for temperature sensor, 2 logical inputs
Remote Communication Interface
   N = Without communication interface
   W = Wi-Fi with integrated antenna
   X = Wi-Fi, SMA-M connector for external antenna
   4 = RS - 485
Wireless Communication Interface 2
   N = Without communication interface
```

Current sensor options

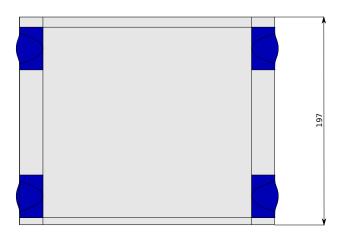
```
SPQ - I3000 - 4 JRF1
Current Probe Type
   SPQ - Probe for NEMO class instruments
Current Ranges
   I10000 = Inom 10000A/3000A/1000A/300A
   I3000 = Inom 3000A/1000A/300A/100A
   I1000 = Inom 1000A/300A/100A/30A
   I300 = Inom 300A/100A/30A/10A
Number of Current Sensors
   3 = Three sensors
   4 = Four sensors
Current Sensor Type
   JRF1 = Rogowski coil (Ø12mm), latch lock, length 40cm (Ø12,7cm)
   JRF2 = Rogowski coil (Ø12mm), latch lock, length 60cm (Ø19,1cm)
   JRF3 = Rogowski coil (Ø12mm), latch lock, length 100cm (Ø32,0cm)
   MFCO = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 25cm (Ø8,0cm)
   MFC1 = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 40cm (Ø12,7cm)
   MFC2 = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 60cm (Ø19,1cm)
   MFC3 = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 100cm (Ø32,0cm)
                                    SPQ - I250 - 4 JCLA
Current Probe Type
   SPQ - Probe for NEMO class instruments
Current Ranges
   I250 = Inom 250A/50A/10A/2A
Number of Current Sensors
   3 = Three sensors
   4 = Four sensors
Current Sensor Type
   JCLA = Clamp-on CT, max. conductor Ø13mm
```

Typical connection schema



Mechanical dimensions





NEMO 104

Compact Power Quality Analyser



NEMO 104 is a modular analyser of power quality. In the basic package it is intended for continuous monitoring of four voltages and currents (in three phase AC networks). The device shares many features and parameters with its built-in predecessor SMPQ.

Compared to the basic SIMON 341 line of analysers it can additionally evaluate flicker severity indexes, interharmonics and handles voltage measurement fully according to IEC EN 61000-4-30 ed. 2. The power quality in NEMO 104 is evaluated according to EN 50160. It also records voltage events and other predefined phenomena. Its ultra compact case and IP50 case is making this monitor an ideal choice for measurements in rough space limited environments.

Key features:

- · 4 voltage inputs, 4 current inputs
- · ultra compact housing with silicone protectors
- class S power monitoring according to the international standard IEC 61000-4-30, ed. 2.
- · power quality evaluation according to EN 50160
- · supply voltage separated from measured
- · built-in lithium accumulator to cover power outages
- · internal memory for archives with capacity of 512 MB
- USB communication interface and optional WiFi interface

Standard











64











Technical specification

	Voltage (ULN, ULL)	U1, U2, U3, UN, U12, U23, U31 [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]						
	Current (I)	IL1, IL2, IL3, ILN [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]						
	Power (P)	P1, P2, P3, PN, 3P (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]						
	Reactive Power (Q)	Q1, Q2, Q3, QN, 3Q (import, export, total, 1st harmonic) [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]						
	Apparent Power (S)	S1, S2, S3, SN, 3S [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]						
	Harm. Distortion Power (D)	D1, D2, D3, DN [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]						
G	Power Factor (PF), cosφ	PF1, PF2, PF3, PFN, 3PF, cosφ1, cosφ2, cosφ3, cosφN, 3cosφ [act, avg, avg _{max} , avg _{min}]						
METERING	Symmetrical Components	zero, negative and positive sequence components of voltage and current						
<u> </u>	Unbalance Factor	unbl, unbU, onsl						
E	Voltage THD (THDU)	THDU1, THDU2, THDU3, THDUN						
₩	Current THD (THDI)	THDI1, THDI2, THDI3, THDIN						
	Individual Harmonics	Harmonics 1 st to 63 rd of Voltage and Current and their angles						
	Fundament. Harmonic (Ufh, Ifh)	U1fh, U2fh, U3fh, Unfh, I1fh, I2fh, I3fh, INfh						
	Frequency (f)	f						
	Active Energy	Import (E1, E2, E3, ΣΕ), Export (E1, E2, E3, ΣΕ),						
	7 touvo Energy	Total Import (Tariff 1, Tariff 2, Tariff 3), Total Export (Tariff 1, Tariff 2, Tariff 3)						
	Reactive Energy	Inductive (E1, E2, E3, ΣE), Capacitive (E1, E2, E3, ΣE), Total Inductive (Tariff1, Tariff2, Tariff3), Total Capacitive (Tariff1, Tariff2, Tariff3)						
		min., max., avg. values of ULN, ULL, I, P, Q, S, D, THDU, THDI, f,						
ശ്	Main Archive	Avg. values of individual harmonics and their angles, Ufh, Ifh,						
Š		Symmetrical components, Unbalance factors, state of I/Os						
DATALOG.	Electricity Meter Readings	Active and reactive imp. and exp. energy per phase (L1, L2, L3) and per tariff (T1, T2, T3)						
A	Voltage Event logging	Yes						
	Waveforms recording	Yes						
10	Alarms	Logical functions, under/over limit of U, I, P, Q, S, unbl, THD, cos, f						
ř	Inputs/Outputs	-						
\\ \\ \\ \	Memory Size	512MB						
OTHERS	RTC	seconds, minutes, hours, days, months, years						
	Communication	USB, WiFi						

Ω	_	aux. voltage	$85 \div 480 \ V_{AC} \ / \ 80 \div 680 \ V_{DC}$				
DOWED		power	8 VA / 8 W				
Ω		meas. cat.	CAT IV / 600 V				
	VOLTAGE	meas. range	$5 \div 1380 \ V_{LL} \ / \ 3 \div 800 \ V_{LN}$				
		input imp.	15 MΩ (L _i ↔N)				
5		connection	wye, delta, aron				
INPUT		overload	800 V _{RMS} , 1200 V _{RMS} for 1s				
	RENT	measuring range	up to 10kA, depends on probe				
	CURRENT	overload	-				

	EMP	operating	-25 ÷ 60°C, <95% non-condens. environ.				
	핕	storage	-40 ÷ 85°C, <95% non-condens. environ.				
OTHER	EMC	emission	EN 61000 – 4 – 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11				
O	_	immunity	EN 55011, EN 55022 - class A				
		protection rating	IP 40				
		dimensions	138W × 73H × 58D mm / 0.25 kg				

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USB 2.0 (standard) KMBlong protocol Connector type Mini-B 2400 ÷ 921600 baud

WiFi (opt. **W, X**) KMBlong protocol IEEE 802.11 b,g

	voltage	0.10%					
	current	0.50%					
	active power	1.00%					
\	reactive power	2.00%					
AC	apparent power	1.00%					
UR	PF, cosφ	0.02					
ACCURACY	frequency	0.20%					
	active energy	1.00%					
	reactive energy	2.00%					
	harm. and THD	0.50%/1.00%					
	unbalance	0.15%					
	flicker	5%					

Ordering options

```
NEMO 104 - 1 W
Instrument Type
  NEMO 104 = Portable Network Monitor
Current Inputs
  0 = Without input for current probe
  1 = 1 input for SPQ-I current probe (up to 4 currents)
Wireless Communication Interface
  N = Without communication interface
  W = Wi-Fi with integrated antenna
  X = Wi-Fi, SMA-M connector for external antenna
```

Current probe options

```
SPO - I3000 - 4 JRF1
Current Probe Type
   SPQ - Probe for NEMO class instruments
Current Ranges
   I10000 = Inom 10000A/3000A/1000A/300A
   I3000 = Inom 3000A/1000A/300A/100A
   I1000 = Inom 1000A/300A/100A/30A
   I300 = Inom 300A/100A/30A/10A
Number of Current Sensors
   3 = Three sensors
   4 = Four sensors
Current Sensor Type
   JRF1 = Rogowski coil (Ø12mm), latch lock, length 40cm (Ø12,7cm)
   JRF2 = Rogowski coil (Ø12mm), latch lock, length 60cm (Ø19,1cm)
   JRF3 = Rogowski coil (Ø12mm), latch lock, length 100cm (Ø32,0cm)
   MFCO = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 25cm (Ø8,0cm)
   MFC1 = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 40cm (Ø12,7cm)
   MFC2 = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 60cm (Ø19,1cm)
   MFC3 = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 100cm (Ø32,0cm)
```

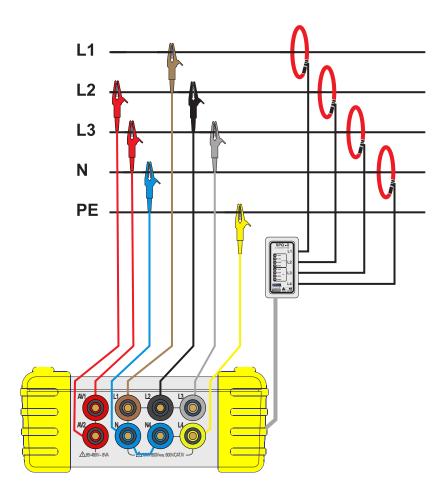
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SPQ - I250 - 4 JCLA

Current Probe Type
SPQ - Probe for NEMO class instruments

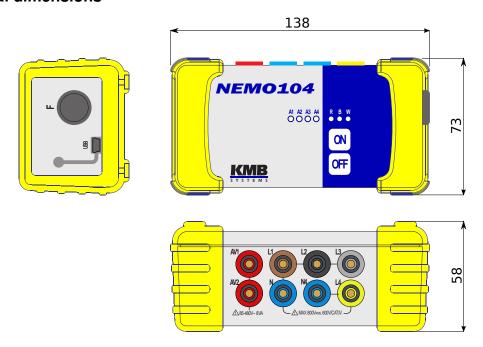
Current Ranges
I250 = Inom 250A/50A/10A/2A

Number of Current Sensors
3 = Three sensors
4 = Four sensors
Current Sensor Type
JCLA = Clamp-on CT, max. conductor Ø13mm
```

Typical connection schema



Mechanical dimensions



NEMO 101

Single Phase Power Quality Data Logger

NEMO 101 is a modular analyser of power quality. Its primary purpose is easy measuring, monitoring and data logging of power quality directly in wall socket. The device shares many features and parameters with its built-in predecessor SMPQ.

Instrument may be connected directly between power supply and measured device, Compared to the basic SI-MON 341 line of analysers it can additionally evaluate flicker severity indexes, inter-harmonics and handles voltage measurement fully according to IEC EN 61000-4-30 ed. 2. The power quality in NEMO 101 is evaluated according to EN 50160. It also records voltage events and other predefined phenomena.



Key features:

- 1 voltage and 1 current input, measures according to EN 61000-4-30 ed.2
- · ultra compact housing with silicone protectors
- power quality evaluation according to EN 50160
- · built-in lithium accumulator to cover power outages
- · internal memory for archives with capacity of 512 MB
- USB communication interface and optional WiFi interface

Standard

INPUTS 1U. 21

U.I.P.Q PF.cos,THD Wh.varh









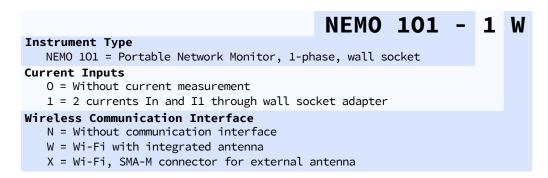




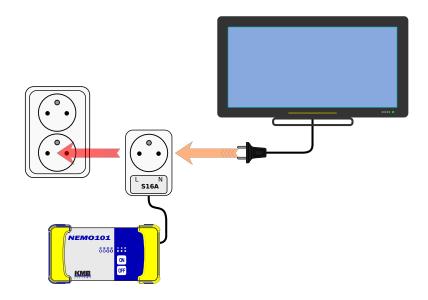




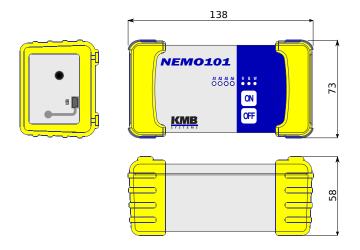
Ordering options



Typical connection schema



Mechanical dimensions



Portable instruments accessories

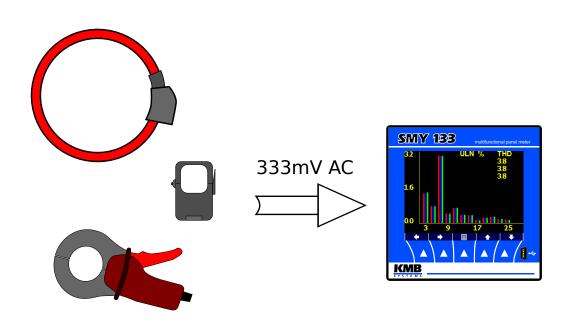
Option X/333mV

Instruments with this option features 333mV AC input for measuring current using special current transformers. This special input supports various flexible rogowski coil current transformers as well as other kind of transformers with 333mV AC output such as split-core CTs or clamps.

Supported instruments: SMY 133, SML 133, SMY - CA

Rogowski Coil Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Aux. Supply	Overvoltage Category	
JRF MOI 333M-40 Inom	100, 150, 200, 250	_	Wire	EVDC	600V CAT IV	
JRF MOI 333M-80 Inom	300, 400, 500, 600 800, 1000, 1200	80	Wire	5VDC 15mA max	600V CAT IV	
JRF MOI 333M-115 Inom	1500, 2000, 2400	115	Wire		600V CAT IV	

Split-Core Model	Inom [A]	d [mm]	Connection	Dimmension [mm]	Overvoltage Category	
JS17F – Inom/333mV	050, 100 125, 150	17	Terminal	64×33×34	600V CAT III	
JS17S - Inom/333mV	200	17	Terminal	64×33×34	600V CAT III	
JS24F - Inom/333mV	200	24	Terminal	75×45×34	600V CAT III	
JS24S - Inom/333mV	250, 300	24	Terminal 75×45×34		600V CAT III	
JS36S – Inom/333mV	300, 400 500, 600	36	Terminal	91×57×40	600V CAT III	
JSC-01 - Inom/333mV	250, 400	38×32	Wire	93×92×39	600V CAT III	
JSC-02 – Inom/333mV	400, 600, 800 1000, 1200	73×62	Wire	128×124×39	600V CAT III	
JSC-03 – Inom/333mV	800, 1000, 1200 1600, 2000, 2400	141×62	Wire	196×124×39	600V CAT III	



SPQ-I intelligent current probes

Digitally calibrated intelligent current probe with four current ranges. Suitable for measurements from mA (clamp-on CTs) up to 10kA (rogowski coils). Range is set through software during configuration before measurement. Produced with 3 or 4 rogowski coil sensors or clamp-on CTs.

Supported instruments: NEMO 104, NEMO 332

SPQ - I3000 - 4 JRF1

Current Probe Type

SPQ - Probe for NEMO class instruments

Current Ranges

I10000 = Inom 10000A/3000A/1000A/300A I3000 = Inom 3000A/1000A/300A/100A I1000 = Inom 1000A/300A/100A/30A I300 = Inom 300A/100A/30A/10A

Number of Current Sensors

3 = Three sensors

4 = Four sensors

Current Sensor Type

JRF1 = Rogowski coil (Ø12mm), latch lock, length 40cm (Ø12,7cm)

JRF2 = Rogowski coil (Ø12mm), latch lock, length 60cm (Ø19,1cm)

JRF3 = Rogowski coil (Ø12mm), latch lock, length 100cm (Ø32,0cm)

MFC0 = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 25cm (Ø8,0cm)

MFC1 = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 40cm (Ø12,7cm)

MFC2 = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 60cm (Ø19,1cm)

MFC3 = Rogowski coil (Ø8,3mm), bayonet lock, length 100cm (Ø32,0cm)

SPQ - I250 - 4 JCLA

Current Probe Type

SPQ - Probe for NEMO class instruments

Current Ranges

I250 = Inom 250A/50A/10A/2A

Number of Current Sensors

3 = Three sensors

4 = Four sensors

Current Sensor Type

JCLA = Clamp-on CT, max. conductor Ø13mm



Power Factor Controllers

Comparison table of power factor controllers												
NOVAR Model	Outputs R=relay T=transistor	Sensitivity [mA]	2 nd tarif Input	Supply Volt. Up To 500V	Relay common pole Separated	Temp. Meas. & fan Control	Fast Compensation	Optional Remote Comm.	Panel 144×144	Panel 96×96	DIN-rail	3-phase Controller
1005	5+1 R	20	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×	✓	×	×
1007	7+1 R	20	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×	1	×	×
1005D	5+1 R	20	×	×	×	>	×	×	×	×	>	×
1007D	7+1 R	20	×	×	×	>	×	×	×	×	>	×
1106	6 R	2	×	×	×	>	×	✓	1	×	×	×
1114	14 R	2	×	×	×	✓	×	✓	1	×	×	×
1206	6 R	2	1	×	×	>	×	✓	1	×	×	×
1214	14 R	2	1	×	×	✓	×	✓	1	×	×	×
1106/S400	6 R	2	×	✓	✓	>	×	✓	1	×	×	×
1114/S400	14 R	2	×	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	1	×	×	×
1206/S400	6 R	2	1	✓	1	>	×	✓	1	×	×	×
1214/S400	14 R	2	1	✓	1	✓	×	✓	1	×	×	×
1312	12 T+2 R	2	1	×	×	/	1	✓	1	×	×	×
1312-3	12 T+2 R	2	1	×	×	>	✓	✓	✓	×	×	>
1414	14 R	2	1	×	×	✓	×	✓	✓	×	×	✓
2200	18	5	1	1	✓	✓	×	1	1	×	×	×
2400	18	5	✓	✓	✓	>	×	✓	✓	×	×	✓
2600	18	5	1	✓	1	✓	×	✓	1	×	×	1

Development and production of NOVAR power factor controllers is one of company's most important activities. In the following overview the devices for fully automated and optimal compensation of reactive power are presented. Portfolio includes classic power factor controllers operation with electromechanical contactors as well as components for fast compensation systems - fast power factor controller and thyristor switching blocks.

PFC's are produced in three different housings. Typical enclosure type is panel mountable housing. It can be equipped with an optional communication line¹ and monitored in ENVIS application. For less demanding applications we designed compact line of PFC's (NOVAR 1006/1007/1006D/1007D) in 96x96 panel housing and for DIN35-rail.

NOVAR 11xx/12xx with "/S400" option can be used at isolated networks (without neutral wire). It has increased maximum power supply voltage up to 500 V, both AC and DC and the common contacts of relays are isolated and connected to additional terminals.

¹Please consider using this feature for all new designs where possible as the software alerts are much faster reaction to any problem with the compensation then the billing system of a customer. The communication and control feature leads to significant cost savings during operation of the cabinet.

Measurement Principles

- high current and power factor measurement accuracy are achieved by utilizing precise converter and digital signal processing using a microprocessor and FFT algorithm
- precise measurement and control functions even under conditions of voltage or current waveform distortion by higher harmonic components
- · evaluation of total harmonic distortion (THD) level by up to the nineteenth harmonic component
- evaluation of current harmonic load of capacitors

Control Principles

- governor's speed of response independently programmable for conditions of under-compensation and overcompensation, respectively
- adjustable control range to reduce the number of control interventions in systems with a wide control range at high loads
- · mains decompensation option
- two-rate operation controlled by energy flow direction
- any output can be set as fixed, heating, cooling or alarm can also be controlled via relays

Automatic Connection Detection

- · any combination of measuring voltage and current
- · automatic detection of connection and compensation systems, nominal voltage on governor setup

Automatic Control Section Recognition

- when switching it on, the governor automatically recognizes the sections power ratings
- · it is possible to connect any combination of the control sections

Specifying Section Value, Disabling Faulty Sections

- · continuous specification of section value recognized in the control process
- continuous checking of control sections in the control process and in case of repeated failure detection, temporary disablement of the faulty section and possibly concurrent alarm actuation
- periodic recheck of the temporarily disabled sections in five days and on positive test results (for example when replacing a section's burnt fuse link), enabling them again

Programmable Alarm

independently settable alarm's warning and actuation functions



NOVAR 2600

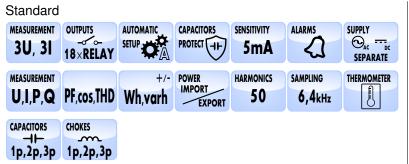
Three Phase PFC and Data Logger

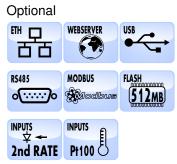
The NOVAR 2600 is the first model of the innovated new PFC line. These controllers are based on precise and powerful three-phase measurement and combine multifunctional panel meter and power quality analyser with power factor control functionality in the same box. The built-in meter can be optionally equipped with memory for data logging of measured quantities and various events in the network. The instrument can be used for long time network data recording. For on-line monitoring, the controllers can be provided with remote communication interface.



Key features:

- · up to 18 output sections, relay or solid-state
- · measures and controls power factor and other quantities in each line separately
- supports both low and high voltage applications (direct or VT and CT connection)
- · unlimited support for single-, two- and three-phase capacitors and chokes
- · combined mains compensation & decompensation capability
- · optional 512 MB of internal memory for data logging
- · embedded four quadrant active and reactive energy meter class 0.5S and data logger

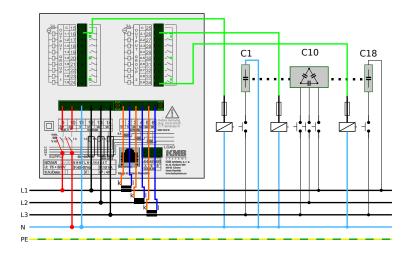


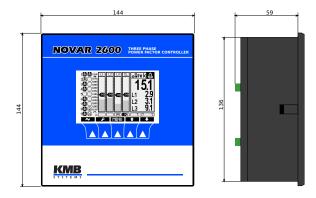




```
NOVAR 2600 R18 H L U 4T
Instrument class
  NOVAR 2600 = 3-ph automatic PF controller, 144×144mm, LCD
Outputs
   RO9 = 9 relay outputs
   R16 = 16 relay outputs + 1 digital input
   R18 = 18 relay outputs
   T7R9 = 7 transistor and 9 relay outputs + 1 digital input
   T9R9 = 9 transistor and 9 relay outputs
   T16 = 16 transistor outputs + 1 digital input
   T18 = 18 transistor outputs
Relay Voltage Rating
   N = max. 250 VAC
   H = max. 400 VAC / 220 VDC
Data logging
   N = max. & min. values registering, electricity meter readout
   L = programable datalogging, 512MB of internal memory
Local communication interface
   N = without local communication
   U = USB communication interface
Remote communication interface and ext. thermometer input
   N = without remote comm. \& external thermometer input
   44 = RS-485 + RS-485
   4T = RS-485 + Pt100 external thermometer input
   E = Ethernet 10BaseT
   E4 = Ethernet 10BaseT + RS-485
   ET = Ethernet 10BaseT + Pt100 external thermometer input
```

Typical connection schema







NOVAR 2400

Three Phase PFC and Multimeter

NOVAR 2400 represents basic type of a new product line of three phase APFCR with advanced functions and parameters. All important control and compensation information is available in real time on its screen.

This controller includes **complete digital power monitor** and precise **four-quadrant electricity meter**. It is fully automatic and it has a simple installation. Up to 18 relay outputs can control combinations of 1-, 2- and 3-phase steps with booth capacitors and chokes.

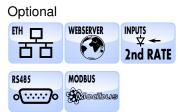
Optional remote communication offers **RS-485** or **Ethernet**. These interfaces allows the controller to be fully supervised and managed from remote ENVIS application or any **ModBus** enabled SCADA system.

Typical applications: power factor correction in three phase unbalanced networks, to compensate frequent load changes (18 steps) also in single phase applications



- up to 18 output sections, relay or solid-state
- · measures and controls power factor and other quantities in each line separately
- · unlimited support for single-, two- and three-phase capacitors and reactors
- combined mains compensation & decompensation capability (supports booth capacitors and reactors)
- RS-485 and Ethernet communication options
- embedded four quadrant electricity meter with TOU and power meter (class 0.5)







```
NOVAR 2400 R18 E

Instrument class

NOVAR 2400 = Automatic power factor controller

Outputs

R09 = 9 relay outputs

R16 = 16 relay outputs + 1 digital input

R18 = 18 relay outputs

T7R9 = 7 transistor and 9 relay outputs + 1 digital input

T9R9 = 9 transistor and 9 relay outputs

T16 = 16 transistor outputs + 1 digital input

T18 = 18 transistor outputs + 1 digital input

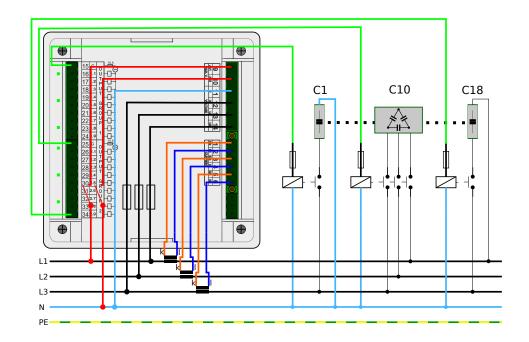
Remote communication interface

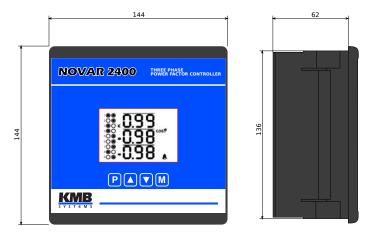
N = without remote communication

4 = RS-485

E = Ethernet 10BaseT
```

Typical connection schema







NOVAR 2200

Advanced Power Factor Controller

NOVAR 2200 represents our new line of single phase APFCR with advanced functions and parameters. All important control and compensation information is available in real time on its screen.

This controller builds on success of its predcessor of series of NOVAR 11xx and NOVAR 12xx. It contains advanced measurement principles and provides large scale of measured quantities. It is fully automatic and it has a simple installation. Up to 18 relay outputs can control combinations of 3-phase capacitors and chokes.

Optional remote communication offers **RS-485** or **Ethernet**. These interfaces allows the controller to be fully supervised and managed from remote ENVIS application or any **ModBus** enabled SCADA system.

Typical applications: power factor correction in three phase networks, to compensate frequent load changes (18 steps)



- up to 18 output sections, relay or solid-state
- · measures and controls power factor and other quantities
- · supports three-phase capacitors and reactors
- combined mains compensation & decompensation capability (supports booth capacitors and reactors)
- · RS-485 and Ethernet communication options
- · embedded electricity meter





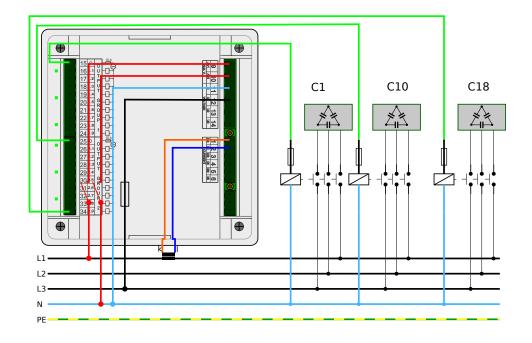


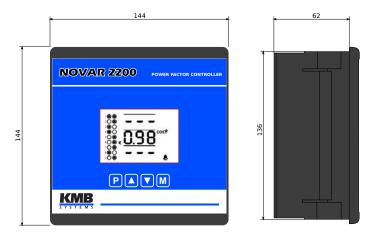
```
Instrument class
NOVAR 2200 = Automatic power factor controller, 1U, 1I, 144x144

Outputs
R09 = 9 relay outputs + 1 digital input
R18 = 18 relay outputs
T7R9 = 7 transistor and 9 relay outputs + 1 digital input
T9R9 = 9 transistor and 9 relay outputs
T16 = 16 transistor outputs + 1 digital input
T18 = 18 transistor outputs

Remote communication interface
N = without remote communication
4 = RS-485
E = Ethernet 10BaseT
```

Typical connection schema







NOVAR 1106/1114 NOVAR 1206/1214

NOVAR 11 and 12 reactive power controllers are fully automatic instruments that allow optimum control of reactive power compensation. They take their design concepts from the NOVAR 1xx/2xx line of instruments, bringing up a number of improvements and new features while keeping the way of operation.

The instruments features precise voltage and current measurement circuits, and the digital processing of values measured provides high evaluation accuracy of both true root—mean—square values of voltage, current and power factor values. The built-in temperature sensor measures the temperature inside the distribution board cabinet.

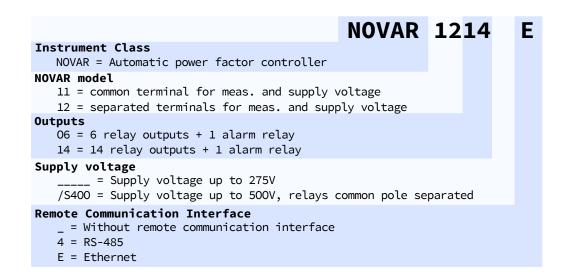
The instrument's installation is fully automatic. The controller automatically detects both the connection configuration and the value of each compensation section connected. Entering these parameters manually is also possible.



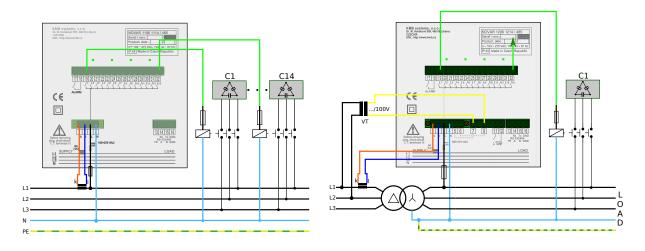
Key features:

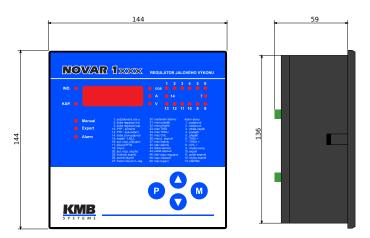
- up to 14 outputs (1114/1214) and 1 alarm relay
- · current measurement sensitivity 2 mA
- optional RS485 or Ethernet remote communication interface
- input for 2nd tariff (1206/1214)
- optional supply voltage up to 500 V (/S400 models)
- separated common pole of relays on additional terminals (/S400 models)

Standard (NOVAR 11xx) (NOVAR 12xx) Optional MEASUREMENT AUTOMATIC ALARMS THERMOMETER CAPACITORS SENSITIVITY MODBUS ETH \square PROTECT (-II-1U, 1I 2mA SPECIAL RELAY 白白 2nd RATE 14×RELAY CAPACITORS MEASUREMENT HARMONICS CHOKES **POWER** SUPPLY RS485 -|-3p O₁ ---U,I,P,Q PF,cos,THD 19 o(······)o EXPORT 3p SEPARATE



Typical connection schema





NOVAR 1005/1007 NOVAR 1005D/1007D

NOVAR 1005 and NOVAR 1007 power factor controllers are enhanced successors of very popular compact NOVAR 5 controller. These models are primarily intended for smaller and less demanding applications with budgetary constraints. The current sensitivity was increased in this innovated line. The NOVAR 1005 controller if fully backward compatible with the NOVAR 5 model (terminal, wiring). Furthermore, the NOVAR 1007 has 8 output relays.

Both models are produced in two different housings. Standard model is determined for panel mounting. Models marked with D, such as NOVAR 1005D or NOVAR 1007D



Key features:

• compact 96 x 96 mm panel footprint (NOVAR 1005/1007)

features different housing which is determined for DIN-rail installation.

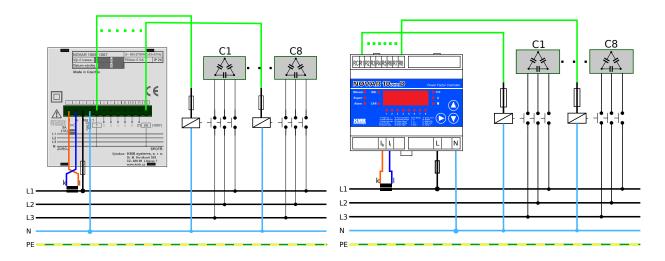
- DIN-rail mountable box (NOVAR 1005D/1007D)
- . 6 (NOVAR 1005) or 8 (NOVAR 1007) control outputs
- · current measurement sensitivity 0.02 A
- · aimed for smaller less demanding applications
- · features Automatic Control Section Recognition
- · independent alarm warnings
- · precise measurement and control even under conditions of voltage or current waveform distortion

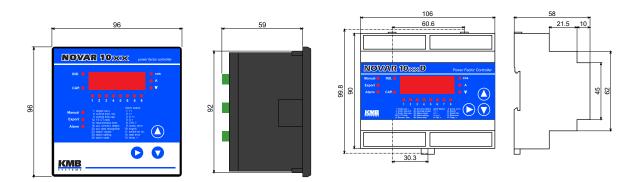
Standard MEASUREMENT SENSITIVITY CAPACITORS CAPACITORS 1U, 1I 20mA **7×RELAY** 1p,2p,3p **ALARMS** MEASUREMENT HARMONICS THERMOMETER IMPORT U,I,P,Q PF,cos,THD 19

Instrument Class NOVAR = Automatic power factor controller NOVAR model 10 = compact, common terminal for meas. and supply voltage Outputs 05 = 6 relay outputs 07 = 8 relay outputs Construction design = panel mounted, 96×96mm

Typical connection schema

D = DIN-rail mounted, 6 modul width





NOVAR 1414

PFC with Three Phase Measurement

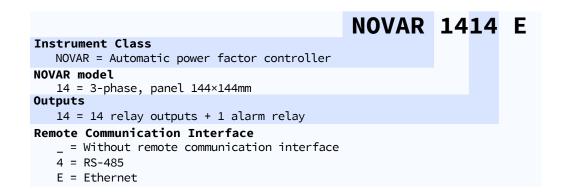
NOVAR 1414 is based on NOVAR 1214 and shares most of it's features but despite of other models, this controller model has three current measurement inputs and one voltage measurement input. It is capable to measure load in each of three phases separately and then evaluates three-phase power factor from measured values from each phase for the control. Therefore, it is suitable especially for applications with great or variable load unbalance.

It features one voltage measurement input and expects that amplitude of other two is the same. It evaluates PF in each phase from measured currents and then three-phase PF which is used for operation. Three-phase capacitors and reactors are used for power factor correction.

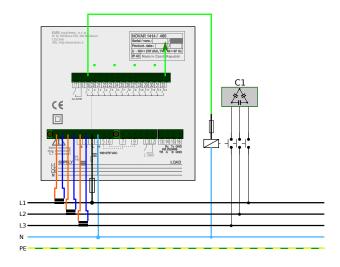


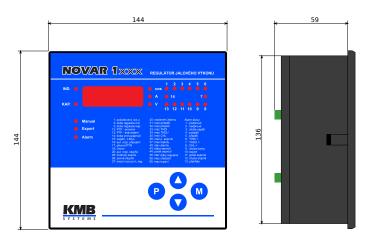
- · measures power factor in each line separately
- · improves three phase PFC for unbalanced loads
- 14 independent compensation section + alarm relay
- · fully automatic control section recognition
- embedded temperature sensor and relay for temperature control
- standard case for 144 x 144 mm cut-out
- 2 mA current sensitivity
- optional RS-485 or Ethernet communication interface





Typical connection schema





NOVAR 1312

Real-time Power Factor Controller

NOVAR 1312 power controllers are designed for dynamic compensation systems. These are typically systems with rapid changes in reactive power (elevators, welding machines etc.). Other typical application is a system with strict requirements on power quality and EMC. The controller has fast transistor outputs to control dedicated switching modules. Its processor and algorithm allows up to 25 control interventions in one second. Together with KATKA thyristor switching modules it provides perfect control of fast PFC cabinet.

The controller also supports combined system by combining both KATKA thyristor switching modules and classical electromechanical contactors. Optional RS-485 or Ethernet communication port allows to monitor all measurement values and set instrument's parameters using a remote PC.



NOVAR 1312-3 is a special modification. It provides 3 in-

dependent current inputs and measures sum of all three phase current signals instead of 1. Therefore, it allows fast compensation according to a more precise three-phase power factor.

Typical applications: real time compensation, thyristor switched capacitors (TSC), combined compensation systems with fast thyristor modules and classic mechanical relays.

Key features:

- up to 25 control intervention per second
- 12 transistor switched outputs and 2 conventional relay outputs + alarm
- · current measurement sensitivity 2 mA
- · compatible with KATKA Thyristor Switching Modules
- · allows combined compensation systems for both thyristor switching modules and contactors
- optional RS485 or Ethernet remote communication interface

Standard MEASUREMENT **OUTPUTS** SENSITIVITY **ALARMS** AUTOMATIC CAPACITORS PROTECT (-II-SPECIAL RELAY 1U, 1I 2mA 12×SSR 2×RELAY SEPARATE CAPACITORS MEASUREMENT CHOKES POWER HARMONICS INPUȚS THERMOMETER IMPORT U,I,P,Q PF,cos,THD 19 3p EXPORT 2nd RATE 3p





```
Instrument Class
NOVAR = Automatic power factor controller

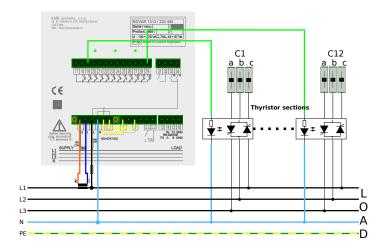
NOVAR model
13 = Real time (fast) power factor controller

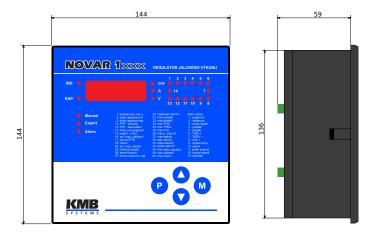
Outputs
12 = 12 transistor outputs, 2 relay outputs + 1 alarm relay

Current inputs
__ = 1 input for CT
-3 = 3 inputs for CT, three phase PFC

Remote Communication Interface
_ = Without remote communication interface
4 = RS-485 (KMB short communication protocol only)
E = Ethernet (KMB short communication protocol only)
```

Typical connection schema





KATKA 20 & KATKA 80

Thyristor switching modules

KATKA line of the thyristor switching (SSR) modules have been designed especially for switching power factor correction capacitors (TSC, thyristor switched capacitor) in real time reactive power compensation systems in cooperation with our fast power factor controller NOVAR 1312. KATKA is a solid state relay which can be also used in other applications for contact-less load switching with low EMC impact. In RT-APFC applications it handles up to 25 control interventions in one second.



Key features:

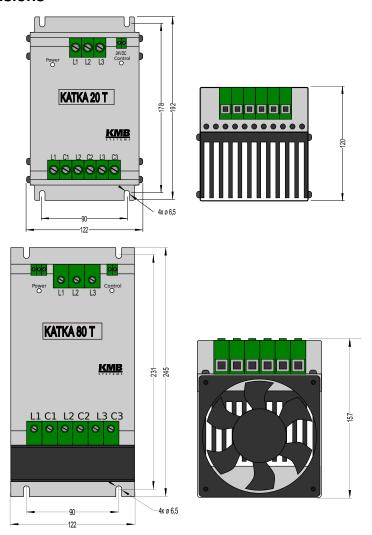
- · for switching capacitors during fast PFC
- with passive cooling KATKA 20T, ST up to 26 kvar and KATKA 20D up to 20 kvar
- with active cooling KATKA 80T, ST up to 80 kvar and KATKA 80D up to 60 kvar
- two-phase (D), three-phase (T) and three-phase with individual phase switching (ST)
- thermal protection (KATKA 80T, 80ST and 80D)
- works with real-time PFC NOVAR 1312 a 1312-3

Ordering options

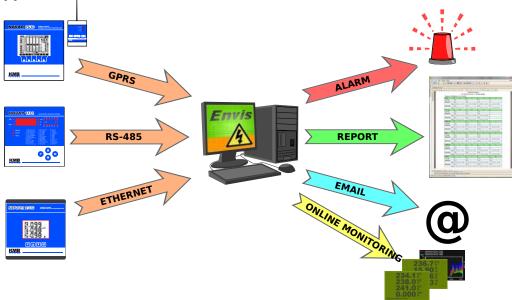
	KATKA	80T	400
Instrument Class			
KATKA = Thyristor switching module			
Construction and power 20 = passive cooling, up to 22A (T, ST)/up 80 = active cooling, up to 67A (T, ST)/up to			
Switching method			
D = two-phase, two thyristorsT = three-phase, three thyristors			
ST = individual switching of each phase, th	nree thyristor	s	
System Voltage			
400 = 400/230V up to $440/250V$			
690 = 690/400V (available only for option T	Γ and ST)		

Technical specification

Parameter	KATKA 20D 400	KATKA 20T 400 KATKA 20ST 400	KATKA 20T 690 KATKA 20ST 690	KATKA 80D 400	KATKA 80T 400 KATKA 80ST 400	KATKA 80T 690 KATKA 80ST 690	
nom. operating volt.	400V/230V±10%	400V/230±10% 440V/250V±10%	690V/400V±10%	400V/230V±10%	400/230±10% 440/250±10%	690V/400V±10%	
max. block. voltage	1600V						
max. oper. current	29A		22A 87A		67A		
max. rate of I rise	50A/us						
conductor x-section	10mm²		10mm²		25mm²		
number of switches	2	3	3	2	3		
load character	C/R/L						
fan aux. voltage	-			230±10%			
fan power	- 32						
aux. cond. x-section	-			2.5mm²			
fan threshold temp.	-°C 60°C±5°C						
ctrl. volt. / current	24 V _{DC} / 10mA						
ctrl. cond. x-section	2.5mm ²						
thermal protection	-			100°C±5°C			
overvolt. protection	С						
IP rating	IP20						
operating temp.	-20 ÷ 45°C						
oper. humidity	5 ÷ 95% non-condensing						
dimensions	122W×192H×117Dmm			122W×245H×157Dmm			
mass	2.05kg	2.1	5kg	3.35kg	3.45kg		



ENVIS Application for NOVAR PFC



- supported by any panel mounted 144×144 mm NOVAR PFC
- broad range of communication interfaces like USB, RS-485, Ethernet, GPRS with KMGPRS 101
- online monitoring over power factor correction
- · alarms and warning during abnormal behavior
- you will learn from display of your PC, on time, about issue with your PFC and not from invoice received from utility

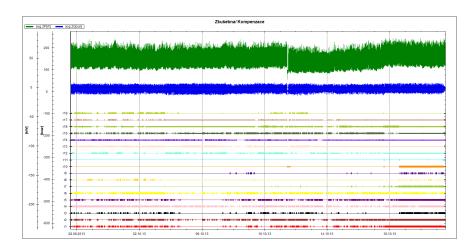


Figure 1: Record of power factor correction trend of NOVAR 2618 in ENVIS software

Distribution of Power Factor Correction components

We are not only developing and manufacturing measuring instruments and power factor controllers. We are supplementing mainly our line of PFC NOVAR for other components necessary for power factor correction. Our portfolio contains detuned filter reactors, isolation transformers, shunt reactors, PFC capacitors, PFC contactors etc.



Detuned Filter Reactors

- 2.5 to 100 kVAr
- detuning factor p = 5.6%, 7%, 14%
- voltage 400V, 440V, 480V, 525V



LV Isolation Transformers

- up to900 kVA
- also for medical applications, according to IEC 61558-2-15

Shunt Reactors

• all parameters of ELEKTRA products can be custom adjusted according to customer needs



PFC LV Capacitors

- MKP
- filled with ecological gel or gas
- voltage 130V to 1000V, 0,5-50 kVAr





PFC Contactors

- power 12,5 kVAr to 100 kVAr
- switching voltage 400 V až 690 V
- control voltage 24V -400 V





Fuse switches

- · vertical and horizontal design
- 160A to 1600A
- · fuse check without switching off





Power factor controller NOVAR

- up to 18 outputs
- designed for panel or DIN-rail mounting
- fully automatic setup
- · 1p and 3p measurement, relay and thyristor control



Thyristor switching modules KATKA

up to 87 kVAr

KMB HARD & SOFT

Tř. Dr. M. Horákové 559, 460 06 Liberec 7 +420 485 130 314 kmb@kmb.cz www.kmb.cz



AFR 31

Smart Load to Reduce VT Ferroresonance

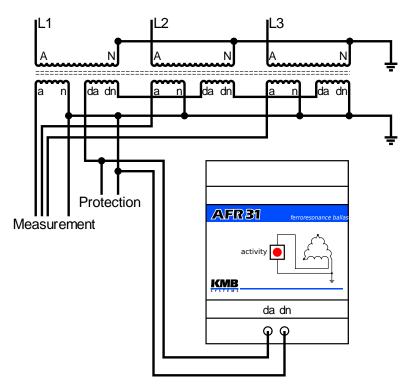
The AFR 31 Smart Load is an instrument designed to protect metering voltage transformers against adverse effects of ferroresonance in medium voltage power distribution systems with ungrounded or indirectly grounded neutral wire. Ferroresonance comes up between transformer inductance and conductors' or switching elements' capacitance. Connecting, disconnecting, ground faults or other transitional effects may be the trigger events. Ferroresonance oscillations cause significant over-voltage and current surges as a result of transformer magnetic circuit saturation. This most often leads to metering transformer destruction. AFR 31 Smart Load acts as metering voltage transformer protection against such effects. Unlike other methods, it is purposely enabled only when ferroresonance occurs, being passive in common operation or with asymmetric loads. Magnitude of trigger voltage can be ad-

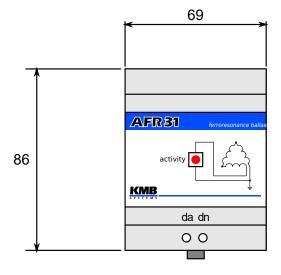


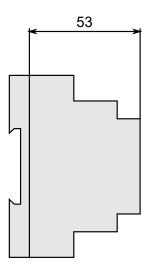
justed to 20, 25 or 30 volts. For selectivity with ground connection protection devices an activation time delay circuit (4 seconds as default) is used. This is suitable at installations where a voltage transformer is used not only for measuring but as power supply for protection devices too (ground connection detection, automatic reconnection circuits etc.).

- · protects instrument transformers against effects of ferroresonance
- instrument transformer is loaded only when ferroresonance is present
- · simple installation
- · automatic operation without any configuration
- · applicable for 3 phase open-delta connected VTs

Typical connection schema







AFR 111 and 131

Advanced Smart Load to Reduce VT Ferroresonance

AFR 1xx smart load is an instrument designed to monitor and protect measuring voltage transformers (VT) against the potentially harmful effects of ferroresonance in a high voltage distribution network. Ferroresonance occurs between the inductance of the transformer and the capacitance of the MV lines or switching equipments. Ferroresonance can be initialized by switching, disconnection, ground connections or by other transient events.

During the ferroresonance a significant over-voltage and concurrent current peaks can occur due to the saturation of the magnetic circuit of the VT. This often leads to a fatal destruction of the VT. AFR 1xx acts as a protection of the VT against the unwanted effects of such events.

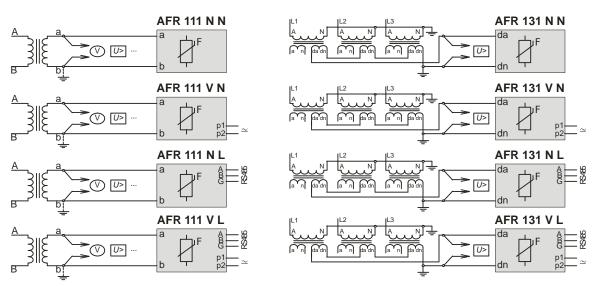
In comparison with other protection methods AFR 1xx is only selectively activated during the occurrence of ferroresonance and stays inactive during the normal operation. AFR 11x is intended for alone operated VTs, i.e. for single phase measuring, V connection measuring or for one pole power feeders. Whereas, the variant AFR 13x is intended for connection into open delta of auxiliary secondary windings of three VTs.

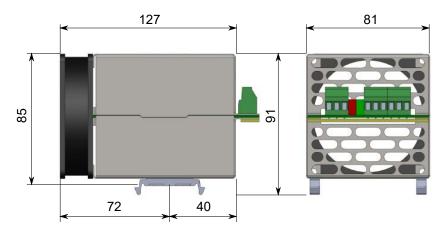


- · protects instrument transformers against effects of ferroresonance
- · optional memory for events recording
- · optional auxiliary power supply
- applicable for 1 pole VTs (AFR 111) and for 3 phase open-delta connected VTs (AFR 131)
- optional RS-485 communication interface with MODBUS support

```
AFR 131 V L 100/V3
Instrument Class
   AFR 1 = Smart load to reduce ferroresonance
Connection of protected VT
   11 = 1 pole VT, V connection (2 AFRs)
   31 = 3 phase measuring with open delta secondary
Auxiliary supply
   N = supply from protected VT
   V = separate 10 ÷ 265 VAC, 10 ÷ 265 VDC
Accessories
   N = no extension
   L = memory for events, RS-485 communication interface
Nominal voltage
   100 = Nominal secondary voltage of VT Un = 100 VAC
   110 = Nominal secondary voltage of VT Un = 110 VAC
   120 = Nominal secondary voltage of VT Un = 120 VAC
   100/V3 = Nominal secondary voltage of VT Un = 100/\sqrt{3} VAC
   110/V3 = Nominal secondary voltage of VT Un = 110/\sqrt{3} VAC
   120/V3 = Nominal secondary voltage of VT Un = 120/\sqrt{3} VAC
   Other voltages on request.
```

Typical connection schema

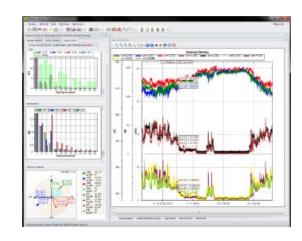




ENVIS Software Suite

Energy Management and PQ Evaluation Tool

ENVIS software is a framework for evaluation and supervision of power quality monitoring and energy efficiency data records. It retrieves, stores and serves the measured information from supported instruments and analysers. ENVIS is a basic tool for configuration, management and data acquisition for our instruments. The software also provides on-line presentation of the actual device status and allows for simple and comfortable visualization and analysis of the archived historical data.



Key audience:

- · energy billing and accounting personnel
- · Smart building operators
- · advanced facility management
- power quality technicians
- · maintenance crew

Main Functions and Features:

- · Data acquisition and storage in binary files or SQL server
- · Online visualization of actual values, trends, input states, transients, energies....
- · Analysis of records charts, statistics, exports (PDF, XML, ...).
- Evaluation of power quality according to EN 50160.
- · Analysis of energy consumption, energy profiles...
- Simple manual or automated reporting on recorded data.
- · Support for many different measuring and control devices.



Content of ENVIS Application Suite

The installation package contains complete tool set for monitoring of energy efficiency, power quality and other related parameters. The tools for basic device management and data evaluation are available free of charge and can be downloaded from http://www.kmb.cz/.

ENVIS application is the key SCADA and data analysis tool for administration and evaluation of the archived data – this program visualizes trends, exports/imports and archives data, generates custom reports etc. ENVIS version 1.1+ supports all our recent instruments with communication or memory options such as: power factor controllers NOVAR, built-in power meters and analysers - PA, SMM, SML, SMN, SMC, SMV, SMP, SMPQ, SMY, portable analysers NEMO and several 3-rd party instruments.

ENVIS.Daq (Data Acquisition) for instrument handling. Daq provides features for remote device configuration/programming, archive acquisition (download records) and saves it to various formats. This tool can be run as a standalone Windows application or initiated directly from ENVIS application. Meters can be managed over a broad range of communication lines such as RS485, USB, Ethernet, WiFi or GPRS.

ENVIS.Online is a system service for standalone data retrieval. As such it needs no human interaction to perform pre-configured periodical tasks. It supports memory-less panel instruments as well as various 3-rd party electricity meters and smart meters, NOVAR power factor controllers and also the built-in analysers. ENVIS.Online can download data periodically, check the status of instrument, generate reports automatically and distribute various preset alarms vie e-mail, SNMP, SMS or directly to desktop.



ENVIS application manages archive of energy consumption data and power quality data. Sources for this data warehouse are measuring instruments, power quality analysers, energy meters (also some 3rd party ModBus and M-Bus meters) and power factor controllers manufactured by KMB systems. A destination is typically SQL server database or binary file.

ENVIS is also a data analysis tool
- in the sample figure some of the
features for analysis can be seen namely the visualized consumption

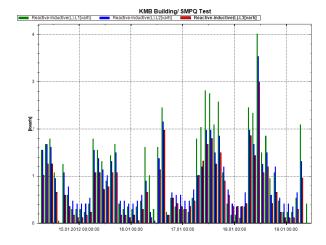


profile, trends for various quantities, a specific power quality report analysis and a detail of single recorded voltage event.





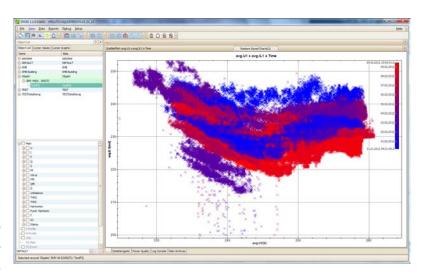




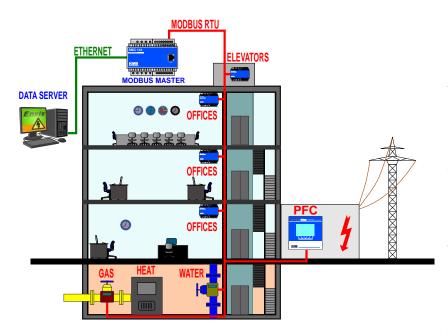
ENVIS is also a SCADA application for specific instruments - the ENVIS.Online system service is a reliable and transparent tool to handle instruments connected to your PC. It manages periodical downloads of the instrument. Also it monitors actual values of selected quantities or inputs and generate events/alarms based on the situation. Least but not last the service periodically generates and distributes reports, analysis or alerts to given e-mails. ENVIS.Online monitoring covers single instrument connected to the PC as well as multiple instruments geographically distributed over different communication networks such as Ethernet or GSM/GPRS.

Flexible plug-in architecture of EN-VIS provides foundation for extending of the functionality of the core application. We have already developed several custom plug-ins. The basic application can be extended with some features which are only selfdomly required. For specific projects we can also add special functions.

In the past we have helped the EN-VIS users to modify its visual appearance, modified reports, amended the actual content of the existing reports or added a completely new reports.



We have supported the only power quality IEEE file format (PQDIF) through plug-in as well. The provided sample figure (right) shows Graphical plug-in with advanced visual and statistical data analysis functions. This specific plug-in contains scatter plot features, histogram generation options and similar.



Module Modbus Master is combination of plugins for ENVIS software and selected instruments. By using this module you can configure the instrument to read any Modbus registers from any instruments of any manufacturer connected to it's RS-485 line. Downloaded values are stored into it's memory including an actual timpestamp. Archived readings can be downloaded into a CEA file or to the SQL database with ENVIS.Daq or Online. All archived Modbus readings can be analysed and visualised in ENVIS - users can create graphs, tables, reports and

other out of these archive readings. It's also possible to collect data from electric-, water- and gas-meters, power factor controlles (we used NOVAR for testing), HVAC, GPS, weather and any other device supporting Modbus.

Do you think you need to handle obtained data in a special way or to get custom outputs?

Contact our R&D dept. and discus how the plug-in architecture can help you.





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